

are said to have been corroborated by those on the "inside."

Friends of Quinn, being informed of his arrest, became exceedingly busy yesterday, in an attempt to obtain his release. Attorney Robert E. Cantwell was reached and he arranged to make application for a writ of habeas corpus before Judge Walker.

In the meantime, Capt. Russell and Detective Sgt. Blau rushed Quinn to the state's attorney's office in the criminal court building. While this was being done another set of detectives entered Quinn's home and found more jewelry. Already there were three charges against "Prince Arthur," but the new discoveries resulted in the filing of four more complaints.

Capt. Russell, who with Chief Schuetzler had conducted a third degree examination of Quinn and Fries on the night before, decided the better way to proceed would be to humor the "prince" whereupon no obstacles were placed in the way of his release on bonds.

Rushes Away with Prisoner.

When Capt. Russell heard of the action for a writ of habeas corpus he made a flying start with his prisoner and rushed to the state's attorney's office. Quinn entered the Hudson avenue station unescorted. He entered Lieut. Mueller's office and remained there in conversation with the lieutenant for a short time and then he went out of the station. This was before his appearance in the Criminal court building.

At 4:30 o'clock he returned with Detective Sgt. De Mar and James to the Hudson station, but this was only for a few moments.

BARASA APPROVES BOND

When Quinn left the station it was with Detective Sgt. De Mar and Mrs. Rosa Ostrowski of 3110 Drake avenue. It was said Quinn previously had telephoned to Municipal Judge Bernard P. Barasa at his residence, 3308 Warren avenue, asking if he would approve some bonds for him. The reply being favorable, the bondswoman, Quinn, and De Mar entered an automobile and were driven there.

"The matter came to my attention in the evening," said Judge Barasa. "I was at home when Quinn called me up and said he had a small bond he wanted approved. He asked me if I would take care of it if he came to my house. I told him I would approve the bond if the surety seemed to be proper."

Lists \$24,000 Property.

Quinn and Mrs. Ostrowski and Detective De Mar came here. Mrs. Ostrowski said she owned property at 672 North Clark street which was valued at \$24,000 and had other property worth \$50,000. She had no reason why she should not go on a \$30,000 bond and I accepted her as security.

"I was also told that the bonds could be increased at any time and that Quinn would appear in court with new sureties any time it might be demanded of him. On these representations the transaction was closed."

It was noted that Mrs. Ostrowski's property is scheduled in North Clark street. This is only a short distance from the Silver station at 700 North Clark, but the police said there was no significance attached to the location.

Quinn Goes Home.

Quinn did not again appear either in the Chicago avenue or the Hudson avenue police stations in the evening. It was said he went home.

A Tribune reporter went to the Quinn home at midnight and rang the door bell. A woman came to the door, but did not open it. The reporter asked if Arthur Quinn was at home.

"No," she replied; "he's out of the city."

The reporter expressed doubt as to that, whereupon the woman said: "Well, he's not out of the city. He's in town, but he's not here."

Fries Makes Threat.

In the meantime Fries remained in a cell in the Hudson avenue police station. He refused to make a statement save to say:

"Quinn had better not say too much about me. I can say something, too."

Late in the evening Fries obtained bonds, having been booked, meanwhile, and he was released. Silver was not held, but was permitted to go with the understanding that he was to return and be questioned whenever the police require him. This was also agreed upon with a bartender employed by Silver, who was also questioned in Hudson avenue.

Kohn Also Gives Bonds.

Kohn also gave bonds and was given his liberty. However, the police said that new developments are expected and that the pursuit will not be closed until the two men known to be the real thieves have been apprehended. It was thought likely by Chief Schuetzler that an arrest may follow within twenty-four hours.

The jewelry that was recovered was placed for safety in the vault in the Chicago avenue station, and there some of the articles were identified by their owners. Many other articles remain to be identified.

HISTORY OF BURGLARIES

Burglaries which stirred the police to great activity in the district labeled the "Gold Coast" because of the number of homes of wealthy persons in it and because its principal street is Lake Shore drive, only a few blocks long in the district in question, began Nov. 30, when the residence of Charles C. Barrett, 54 East Division street, was robbed of jewelry valued at \$1,000.

Three days later burglars entered the home of Fred S. Skidmore, 2 East Pearson street and took things worth \$750. Then the home of Frank H. Scott, 1215 Astor street, was robbed of \$200 in jewelry and cash. In rapid succession followed robberies in the homes of F. M. Burdick, 1822 North La Salle street, Edward Blatchford, 1111 North La Salle street and Edward M. Nelson, 1215 North La Salle street.

On Dec. 30 the residence of Charles McKenna, 62 East Oak street, was entered and jewelry worth \$150 was stolen. Then John Borden's house, 1020 Lake Shore drive, was made the visiting place of a burglar. Mrs. Borden, however, showed a valiant spirit and frightened the man away. Her husband was awakened and he chased the intruder out of the yard.

Reynolds Home Robbed.

The robbery of the residence of George M. Reynolds, 1444 Lake Shore drive, followed. Mrs. Reynolds was out of the city and the burglar, with a half dozen accomplices, was in the house. Mr. Reynolds' sleeping chamber was entered and the personal jewelry, including the

THE SUSPECT

Son of "Hot Stove Jimmy" Quinn Held in "Gold Coast" Robbery Investigation, and Wife of "Pal."



Arthur Quinn

watch which now has caused the arrests of three alleged principals, "fences," was taken. In the rear of the house windows were "jammed," and it was even found that the thieves had taken a lunch in the kitchen before departing with their plunder.

On the same night the home of Mrs. Michael Cudaly, 1501 North State street, was entered. Here, as "but I haven't got word yet of my stuff being recovered. The thieves took \$50 in currency and a watch, the case of which belonged to my wife's grandmother. Because of its association we priced it very highly. I shall be very glad to get it back."

Mr. Scott said he would inspect the recovered property in the custody of the police today with the hope that he may find the watch. He is not worried over the other articles he lost.

At the C. C. Barrett residence, 54 East Division street, a \$1,000 ring was taken some time ago. Subsequently it was returned by a girl. The Barrett residence was the scene of a robbery in which they were not interested in the police developments.

PRINCE ARTHUR'S CAREER

"Prince Arthur" Quinn has been much in the public eye, not only because he is the son of his father but because he has made things moderately interesting for the police. The "Twenty-first" ever since he was a boy.

One of the high spots in his career was the killing of John Cottenham, 7440 Champlain avenue, on Feb. 27, 1911, during the majority of the Quinn family. It is said to have been shot in the leg in an election quarrel and Cottenham was under arrest when Quinn rushed up and shot the man through the breast. For this he was acquitted by a coroner's jury.

In 1913 Arthur was a deputy sheriff, and this brief spell of authority was marked by several untoward episodes. One of these was when a war in the Union restaurant in Randolph street whacked the young man over the head with a bottle. It was a long time before the young man came around.

Terrorizes His Friends.

In April, 1912, Arthur was a deputy sheriff. One Sunday he broke loose with his revolver and chased a number of boozing companions over half the north side. For this he was suspended by Sheriff Zimmer.

He hasn't been bothered by being out of a job. He is said to have been spending a great deal of money lately and the police have been watching him, it is said.

Though he has been accused of many misdemeanors, he never has been successfully prosecuted. Several times he has been taken to the Chicago avenue police station, accused of assaults, but he never has been locked up. Usually the deal agents have found it necessary to "investigate" charges against him. Sometimes transfers have been made when "investigations" were too formal.

Buy Another Hotel.

They bought the Ontario hotel, 615 North Clark street, which they proceeded to run as a house of assignation. From here they drifted to the south side, started a pawnshop, which they gave up, rebuying the hotel, Friedman.

"Her Money Troubles"—They get more vexatious as the cost of food climbs skyward. Meat, eggs and vegetables are almost beyond the family purse. Happy is the housewife who knows Shredded Wheat, its low cost and its high food value. A better balanced ration than meat or eggs and costs much less. Two Shredded Wheat Biscuits with milk or cream make a complete, perfect meal, supplying all the nutrient needed for a half day's work at a cost of a few cents. Delicious for any meal with milk or cream, or with stewed fruits. Made at Niagara Falls, N. Y.

CHAUFFEUR FOR REYNOLDS SEES QUINN PICTURE

Declares Suspect Resembles Lurker in Neighborhood—'Gold Coast' Excited.

Edward Finney, chauffeur for Earle H. Reynolds, who uses George M. Reynolds' garage at 1444 Lake Shore drive, last night identified a picture of Arthur Quinn as that of a man he declared he had seen in front of the Reynolds home several times in the last few weeks.

"In my own mind," said Finney, "I am certain that this is the same man I have seen several times about here. I noticed him two or three times walking in front of the house. He was not one of the men who got into Earl Reynolds' house last summer, for I saw both of them. I do not know Quinn, but this picture brings back to me the same man I saw about here a few days before the last burglaries were reported."

"Gold Coast" Excited.

The "Gold Coast" was aroused as the news of Quinn's arrest and the recovery of some of the Reynolds jewelry became known.

Up to a late hour George M. Reynolds was the only one of the several victims who had recovered any of the loot.

Besides the watch the police had recovered a platinum pendant set with diamonds, diamond studded cuff buttons, a set of cuff buttons set in onyx, diamond shirt studs, a coral pin banked with diamonds, and several smaller diamonds which are thought to have been stripped from other mountings taken from the Reynolds mansion.

There are other valuables still missing," said Mr. Reynolds, after he had received a report from the police as to what they had recovered. "But I don't suppose I ought to enumerate them at this time, as it might aid the thieves in hiding them."

No word at McKenna Home.

E. J. McKenna of 62 East Oak street, where the thieves made one of their raids in December, said he had not received any word from the police up to tonight that his valuables had been located. They got jewelry here valued at \$200.

Attorney Frank H. Scott of 1214 Astor street was pleased when he heard that the police apparently were rounding up the "Gold Coast" gang.

"That's good news," he said, "but I haven't got word yet of my stuff being recovered. The thieves took \$50 in currency and a watch, the case of which belonged to my wife's grandmother. Because of its association we priced it very highly. I shall be very glad to get it back."

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Nine Arrested in Gambling Raid on the Revere House

Nine alleged gamblers were arrested early yesterday when detectives raided a room in the Revere house at Clark street and Austin avenue. A sackful of poker chips, dice, and cards were taken also. Samuel Fittel, giving him address as 1317 Wells street, was booked as the keeper. The raid, it is said, followed orders of Chief Schuetzler to detectives of the Chicago avenue station to "keep an eye on gambling in the Revere house." The hotel has been the scene of numerous gambling raids.

Schuetzler's Men Raid Alleged Gaming Room

A squad of detectives from Chief Schuetzler's office, headed by Sgt. George Connor, raided a room in the old Times building at 184 West Washington street yesterday and after a struggle arrested seven men and connected two telephones, some betting sheets, and racing forms. J. J. McElroy was booked as keeper.

New First Deputy Meets His Detective Sergeants

Wesley H. Westbrook, the new first deputy superintendent of police, was introduced to his detective sergeants yesterday at the monthly meeting of the Association of Detective Sergeants at the Hotel Sherman. "I shall make every effort to be considerate and appreciative of honest effort," Westbrook said, "but whenever I see any evidence of backsliding I shall go the limit."

THE CLEW

George M. Reynolds' Watch, Which Led to Uncovering Much Lake Shore Drive Loot, Showing Initials the Supposed "Fence" Sought to Have Removed.



George M. Reynolds' watch, the recovery of which led to the arrest of Arthur Quinn and his alleged associates in the so-called "Gold Coast" robberies, is the only watch of its kind in existence. It is valued at more than \$700. It was bought of Spaulding & Co., Paris. It is a plain gold repeater and on the back bears Mr. Reynolds' initials in blue enamel.

BANK ROBBERS GET IMMUNITY, JUDGE WONDERS

Chief of Police George Whyler of Harvey, Ill., said he would confer today with Judge Fitch in an endeavor to discover the identities of the persons or persons who were responsible for the nonindictment of the two who, it is alleged, assisted George Stunkel in robbing the Bank of Harvey last October of more than \$8,000.

Judge Fitch was about to sentence Stunkel after hearing his confession yesterday when it occurred to him that the two accomplices of the bank robber had apparently gotten off. In his confession Stunkel said that William Steed, a former saloon owner, and Frank Plummer were waiting outside the bank while Stunkel held up Cashier George M. Burnett.

When Policeman George Swanson arrested Stunkel in the bank the two fled in an automobile. It was brought out but they were later arrested by Chief of Police Whyler.

Upon being questioned Stunkel declared that he believed the police at Harvey had made him the guest of discovery and the approval of bonds had to be postponed until the capias could be served.

By this time the grand jury had made another return and Ald. De Priest, Capt. Healy, Arthur Codazza, William Lewis, and "Teenan" Jones found they were facing additional charges.

HOYNE MAY ASK INDICTMENT OF BOND CROOKS

State Attorney Macley Hoyne joined forces with United States District Attorney Charles F. Clyne yesterday and the two will enlist help from Federal Judge K. M. Landis in a crusade against crooked professional bondsmen.

The new charges increased De Priest's bonds to \$50,000, Capt. Healy to \$45,000, and others a like measure. This fact gave the alderman and the police captain little inconvenience except a long wait in the state attorney's office while the bonds were being approved.

Says He's Innocent.

The alderman characterized the charges made against him as false in talks with newspaper men. So, too, did Capt. Healy.

Only five of the defendants in the black belt graft inquiry put in an appearance.

DE PRIEST NAMED IN CONFESSIONS, HOYNE ASSERTS

Negro Gamblers Eager to Tell of Graft, the Prosecutor Says.

State Attorney Macley Hoyne announced last night the wall of evidence he has erected around the black belt graft syndicate has been buttressed by confessions from two of the twenty-one men indicted in connection with the syndicate's operations.

He indicated that Negro gamblers have started a stampede to tell him all they know of the golden river of graft. "We have only taken two confessions; these will be sufficient," Mr. Hoyne said at the conclusion of a day devoted to bringing additional evidence before the grand jury, and to questioning a throng of colored men.

"Implicate Ald. De Priest."

"The confessions that we have taken implicate Ald. De Priest," he went on.

"Do they accuse him of being a graft-er?" the prosecutor was asked.

"One of them does," he replied, "and they hook up Henry 'Teenan' Jones, the head of the syndicate, as well. They do not implicate Capt. Stephen K. Healy, but our case against the captain is already complete."

Arthur Codazza, owner of the Elsie No. 1, a "black and tan" café, was one of those who "talked," it was rumored. Oscar De Priest, the Negro alderman from the Second ward, and Capt. Healy, both of whom are named as members of the black belt graft syndicate, surrendered in the Criminal court building and gave bonds for their release.

Jones, Arthur Codazza, and Sam Healy also gave bonds. Sgt. Kelly and McNally of Stanton avenue have failed to put in an appearance.

He Drives to Court.

Ald. De Priest drove to the Criminal court building in a limousine and was followed by David Levy, a real estate dealer, and Elijah Johnson, a Negro and brother of "Mushmouth" Johnson, a well known gambler, who were prepared to furnish bonds for the alderman.

Several of his friends grouped themselves about the alderman and there was a general handshaking, over which the alderman presided with gusto.

A bond schedule was made out and presented to Judge Fitch for acceptance. Attorney S. B. Turner, a member of the legislature, made his appearance at De Priest's side, giving assurances that De Priest would surrender later in the day.

Cause of Delay.

It was then discovered that capias for the arrests of defendants in the graft inquiry had not been made out and the approval of bonds had to be postponed until the capias could be served.

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OCEAN STEAMSHIP MOVEMENTS.

Arrived: ORDINA (New York) from New York; SANTA CRUZ (San Francisco) from San Francisco; GREAT NORTHERN (San Francisco) from San Francisco.

Departed: WAALDIJK (San Francisco) to Seattle; MANILA MARU (Seattle) to Seattle.

SIGNALLED BY WIRELESS: KROONLAND (Leaving Saturday, Liverpool).

FINED

Capt. Smith and Capt. O'Brien Lose Thirty Days' Pay.

ALTHOUGH there was no verdict of guilty against them in their trials before the civil service commission, Capt. Joseph Smith and Capt. William P. O'Brien lost thirty days' pay because of charges that they failed to suppress vice in the Twenty-second street and Cottage Grove avenue police districts.

Chief Schuetzler yesterday received a letter containing the commission's recommendation that the two men be given their back pay except for the period of thirty days—the period for which Chief Healey had full authority to suspend them without trial.

Chief Schuetzler ordered that this recommendation be carried out and reinstated O'Brien, assigning him to the Brighton Park district.

There was fast action when Chief Schuetzler was notified of charges that Edward P. Elliott, a member of First Deputy Westbrock's crime squad, had "grafted" \$50, six shirts, half a dozen neckties, and four collars.

The charges were made when Elliott appeared with a broken nose. Albert C. O'Neill, another member of the squad, "told him out" when he heard what Elliott had been doing. Until the merits of the case have been determined Chief Schuetzler suspended both men.

Elliott arrested Michael Gargano, 1226 Taylor street, recently. The case was dismissed and the story is that Elliott then told Gargano that he had been instrumental in gaining his freedom, a favor for which he demanded tribute. Elliott "smashed" him for "dragging the squad."

pearance, and one of the five, Codazza, was brought in on a capias. William "Bill" Lewis sent an emissary in the Criminal court building. It was reported, to find out "where he stood."

Other Negro gamblers went into hiding. Officers armed with capias searched for them and reports were received that one or more may have fled.

THE BONDS.

Bondsmen and the amounts they charged were:

FOR CAPT. HEALY—Abe Nelson, liquor dealer, 2001 West Chicago avenue, \$75,000; Franklin Meyers, retired jeweler, 5027 Argyle street, \$75,000; Joe Hucker, butcher and grocer, 603 North Kedzie avenue, \$75,000.

FOR DE PRIEST—Elijah H. Johnson, real estate dealer, 3026 Vernon avenue, \$100,000; Mrs. Lina Levi, 5314 South Park avenue, \$100,000.

FOR JONES—John L. Slaughter, real estate dealer, 4805 Evans avenue, \$75,000; Ike Roderick, professional bondsman, 8600 Chappel avenue, \$40,000.

The foreman, Roland B. Sillard, told Assistant State Attorney William H. Duval that the October grand jury, which indicted Chief Healey, will make its final report today. Chief Justice Fitch of the Criminal court is also expected to dispose of the case of George F. Brown, one of the grand jurors, who has been cited to appear this morning to show cause why he should not be held in contempt of court for a grand jury "leak."

Chief's Case Postponed.

Meanwhile the case of Charles C. Healey, named on four charges of conspiracy and one of bribery, was called together with that of Sergeant John Naughton, his former secretary, and others and postponed until Feb. 6 on motion of the state attorney. The office of Attorney John J. Healy, the deposed chief's counsel, informed the court that he was not opposed to a further delay.

BANK ROBBER HELD AS JOHNSON MURDER SUSPECT

"Tom Burns" Will Be Viewed Today by Witnesses of Boulevard Crime.

A man giving the name of Tom Burns is being held at the West Chicago avenue police station in connection with the holding up of the Armitage Avenue bank, 4038 Armitage Avenue, last week ago. When questioned by Capt. Max Danner, Burns admitted to robbery and was identified later by J. J. DeFrance, the cashier, as the man who had robbed him of \$288.

Noticing his description tallied with that of the slayer of Policeman Johnson, killed at Jackson Boulevard and State street last year, Capt. Danner questioned him about the Johnson slaying, but Burns refused to answer.

Variable Description.

The description of the man wanted for the murder of Policeman Johnson tallies in every detail with that of Burns with one exception. Witnesses of the shooting differ in regard to the man's hair. Some say it was dark, some say it was light, and some say it was dark. Burns is light.

Sgt. Hamilton will ask all witnesses of the shooting to call to see Burns this morning in an attempt to identify him as the Johnson slayer.

"I believe we have the slayer of Johnson," said Sgt. Hamilton. "The man who will hold up a bank is a daylight as Burns did the Armitage. Savings bank is no ordinary criminal."

Catches Bandit Barendse.

Two men at night entered the home of Charles Jana, 2800 Thomas street, and ordered Jan, a Belgian, to line up against the rear wall. With one guarded the man with a revolver the other rifled the cash register of \$30 and took \$3 from the currency. When the bandits started to leave Jan rushed at the man flourishing the revolver and grappled with him. In the struggle which followed three shots were fired, all going wild. The bandit was overpowered and held until the arrival of the police. In the meantime his companion escaped with the \$30. The man captured gave the name of Frank Callahan and said his companion was Frank Mulvey.

Three youths, all less than 21, carrying revolvers, robbed Charles Plummer, 102 East Forty-fifth street, at Forty-eighth street and Greenwood avenue of his watch and chain. As Plummer was leaving the scene the youths fired at the bandit's request a shot was fired dangerously close to him.

A short time later Darwin Smith, street car conductor, was assaulted by the three youths in front of his home at 6201 Champlain avenue. He was shot and fled, followed by several shots from the band's revolvers. The trio paid him for several blocks.

MARKED BARGAIN TO CLOSE

Left Over Goods at Grand Auction of Them

A mammoth lot of their goods, specialties, and necessities, will be sold at the Grand Auction of Them.

Mrs. Morris L. Morris, chairman of the committee, first suggested the sale, and it has been one of the most successful of the year. All goods month will follow a pouring of money on the Allied, which all the dealers in the city are more leisurely gathering. This is the first time that the goods have been sold at such a low price. The goods are to be sold at a bargain price, and the goods are to be sold at a bargain price.

Yesterday was a busy day for the Belgian nation. The Belgian nation was held at the Grand Auction of Them. The goods were sold at a bargain price, and the goods are to be sold at a bargain price.

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THE HUB

Henry C. Lytton & Sons

N. E. Corner State and Jackson

Silk Neckwear Sale

A comprehensive assortment of attractive patterns in all colors in finest quality silks at reduced prices.

Heavy Silk Neckwear, \$2 and \$2.50 values, \$1.35

Extra full shape Scarfs, \$1.50 values, 95c

200 dozen regular \$1 Scarfs at 65c

Four-in-hand and Batwing Scarfs, 50c pals. 35c

Main Floor

TO Florida

The Popular, All-Steel, All-the-Year-Round Train Chicago to Jacksonville

Leaves Chicago (daily) 10:05 p.m.
Arrives Chattanooga 4:50 p.m.
Arrives Atlanta 9:45 p.m.
Arrives Jacksonville 7:40 a.m.

Sleeping car open to receive passengers in Florida at 8:15 p.m. Passengers may board this train at 6th, 10th or 13th Street Stations.

Dining cars serving meals enroute. Free Reclining Chair Cars, Drawing Room and Observation Sleeping Cars.

Big Four Route

Queen & Crescent Route—Southern Railway

Winter Tourist Tickets now on sale, round-trip fares from:

Jacksonville	\$44.10	Tampa	\$85.70
Orlando	59.00	Fort Myers	69.90
Miami	65.20	Fort Myers	69.90
Key West	80.50	Fort Myers	69.90
Havana, Cuba	\$85.30		

Stops enroute: Jacksonville, Orlando, Tampa, St. Petersburg, Clearwater, Dunedin, Palm Beach, Fort Myers, Key West, Havana, Cuba.

Attractive variable route fares, including the "Land of the Sky." For tickets, sleeping car reservations and all information, BIG FOUR TICKET OFFICE, 78 West Adams St., Chicago. E. R. Whelan, G. A. P. O. Phone: Randolph 4520.

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A+B

ROGERS PEET CLOTHES EXCLUSIVELY
EXCLUSIVE AGENTS FOR ROGERS PEET

Not many of 'em, but maybe there's just what you're looking for among the Winter Overcoats reduced today to clear out broken lines.

Revised prices prevailing now quite generally throughout our stock.

ANDERSON & BROTHERS

Washington & Wabash
(Northeast corner)

ROBBED HOLD AS JOHNSON MURDER SUSPECT "Tom Burns" Will Be Viewed Today by Witnesses of Boulevard Crime.

A man giving the name of Tom Burns, who was held at the West Chicago station in connection with the shooting up of the Armistice Avenue saloon, was questioned by police officers today. Burns admitted that he had robbed the saloon, but denied the charge of murder.

The description of the man was given by the police officers. Burns is a man of about 35 years of age, of medium build, with dark hair and eyes. He is wearing a dark suit and a light-colored shirt. He is being held in the West Chicago station.

The shooting up of the saloon was a serious crime. The police officers are trying to find out who was involved in the shooting. Burns is one of the suspects in the case.

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BAZAAR PERSONAGES

Society Woman and Two Child Refugees from Belgium Who Found Themselves Much Admired at the Coliseum.

Mrs. Watson
Armour
and Belgian
REFUGEE CHILDREN—
Eva Stanley
and Joe Stanley

TRIBUNE PHOTO BUREAU



Two of the most potted and important personages at the Allied bazaar yesterday were Eva and Joe Stanley, Belgian refugees. The children were rescued and brought to this country shortly after the war in Europe began.

They were seen at the bazaar yesterday, where they were much admired by the crowd. The children were brought to this country shortly after the war in Europe began.

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BARASA'S RULE ON CLOSING LAW CALLED RADICAL

Ettelson Aid Expects Oaths in the Maxwell Street District Now.

Municipal Judge Barasa yesterday placed what members of the city law department and many other lawyers say is an absolutely new judicial construction upon the language of the Sunday closing law.

This is the language of the statute: "Whoever keeps open any tipping house, or place where liquor is sold or given away, upon the first day of the week, commonly called Sunday, shall be fined not to exceed \$25."

In the language of a layman this is Judge Barasa's decision: "The statute does not prohibit saloonkeepers from having their place open on Sunday. It merely prohibits them from having them open and selling liquor."

"Brand New Law." The city law department restrained itself and promised formal comment later when the decision had been analyzed. But privately its members, who have handled saloon cases, expressed their surprise at the decision.

The immediate effect of Judge Barasa's decision was to free ten saloonkeepers charged by the police with violating the Sunday closing law. They were released from jail.

The decision was a surprise to many. It was a radical interpretation of the law. It was a new law.

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NEW SCHOOL

Chicago Man Will Have Charge of Rockefeller Reorganization of Elementary and Secondary Education.

NEW YORK, Jan. 19.—Funds have been provided by the annual education board, founded by John D. Rockefeller, it was announced tonight, for the establishment of a school in connection with the teachers' college at Columbia university to undertake constructive work in the reorganization of elementary and secondary education, for the avowed purpose of eliminating the "dead wood, lumber, and slack" from the present methods of teaching.

It was announced that Prof. Otto W. Caldwell, now head of the department of natural sciences in the school of education at the University of Chicago, would be director of the new school.

There will be no religious instruction and the teaching of formal grammar will be discontinued. The study of Latin and Greek will be eliminated and German, French, and Spanish will be taught instead.

It is expected the school will open for part of its classes in the fall of 1917. Boys and girls more than 6 years old will be admitted.

The school will be a day school. It will be a school for the poor. It will be a school for the poor.

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OUST WHISKY, WETS DECLARE

United Societies Adherents, However, Would Keep Wine and Beer.

SHOW USE OF THE STILL

"Whisky must go." Such was the message of a group of "wets" last night at a meeting in Schlicht hall, Ashland avenue and Division street. The affair was held under the auspices of the political action committee of the United Societies for German saloonkeepers of the northwest side.

"Whisky must go," they said, but their denunciation of the whisky traffic and the disavowal of the professional prohibitionist. There was a unanimous sentiment in favor of beer and light wines, and the type of saloon to which the men of the fatherland take their wives and children for what they consider innocent pleasure.

Producers Whisky said. There was one interesting ceremony presided over by Prof. R. Wahl of Mayor Thompson's liquor commission. The curtains of the room were drawn, and the professor looked around to see if there were any policemen, sleuths or government officials present. Being assured that he was with friends, he opened the door to an adjoining room and brought forth a whisky still—the common or kitchen variety of still, he said, if prohibition comes to Chicago.

And before the straining eyes of the present Prof. Wahl made a temporary whisky and wine. In ten minutes he distilled a glass of amber liquid, which he announced would knock down any man or woman in the room. A few sipped the beverage, but most were content with a sigh.

Easy to Make Strong Drink. "You never know how easy it is to make strong drink in the household," said Prof. Wahl. "But if prohibition comes every kitchen will have its still. It will bring about such a state of drunkenness, immorality, and degradation as this country never has seen. I know you people won't want this, so I'll show you how easy it is made."

"Buy a bottle of grape juice at the grocery store and drop a cent's worth of baker's yeast in it. Tomorrow you've got wine, with 7 or 8 per cent of alcohol. Just twice as strong as beer."

"Some won't be satisfied with that. They'll have to wait three days for their beer. Buy a quart of New Orleans molasses and put a cent's worth of yeast in it. Let it stand for three days and then pour it into a tea kettle and boil it down the lid. You've got to have a length of tin tube coiled into a coil of water or ice. Put one end of that tube into the spout of the tea kettle and light the gas."

Passes Glass Around. As he talked Prof. Wahl carried on the experiment. In a few minutes he passed around the glass of wine. "That has 27 per cent of alcohol," he said, "but if you want more alcohol just repeat the process."

The matter, he said, "is under advisement. It is too early to talk about what may happen in the senatorial contest."

Hopkins' supporters want him to run on a protective tariff platform.

Official in Treasury Shoots and Kills Self

Washington, Jan. 19.—W. W. Eldridge of Flint, Mich., chief of the division of issue, which has to do with the issuance of bank notes, was shot and killed today. He had been in the treasury department for forty years. He was in ill health.

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RAILWAYS FIND THEY EARN LESS THAN 6 PER CENT

Executives Summarize Earnings and Expenses—Profits "Dangerously Small."

New York, Jan. 19.—Less than 6 per cent profit was netted by the railroads of the United States in 1916, although it was a record year for earnings, according to a statement made public tonight by the railway executives' advisory committee. Increased costs of materials, rolling stock, and labor are held responsible for this small yield on the total value of railroad property used by the public during the year.

"Of the railroad dollar," the statement said, "more than 43 cents went to labor, almost 17 cents for material and supplies, approximately 8 cents to taxes, more than 8 cents for fuel and locomotive supplies, more than 2 cents for loss and damage, approximately 4 cents for leased roads, almost 2 cents for betterments, almost 18 cents to interest and debt, and barely 6 cents to dividends and surplus."

Margin Held Dangerously Small. "This out of the railroad dollar 75 cents was expended for labor, supplies, material, loss and damage, and taxes. One must conclude that this small yield on the total value of railroad property used by the public during the year."

It was pointed out that prices of railroad materials had increased immensely since 1914, bar iron having gone up 100 per cent, steel 120 per cent, and tool steel 400 per cent, while rolling stock prices had advanced from 100 per cent to 400 per cent in twenty years.

"Since Jan. 1, 1916," it was stated, "orders were placed for about 2,900 locomotives, or 1,200 more than the year before, at an increase of \$5,000 to \$10,000 each over 1914 prices. In 1916 165,324 new freight cars and 2,540 passenger coaches were ordered."

Reduced Earnings Predicted. "Already indications are not wanting that a reduction in railroad earnings is under way. It is estimated that the Baltimore and Ohio's net income in the six months ended Dec. 31, 1916, basing December's earnings on the returns of the preceding five months, will show a decline of \$1,065,510. While the gross earnings of the St. Paul in November showed an approximate increase of \$300,000, the company's net operating income declined almost \$400,000, as compared with the corresponding period in 1915."

"This also shows the New York Central and the Pennsylvania. The increase of the former in net earnings after taxes last November showed a loss of \$1,181,070, as against November, 1915."

Only through sleeping car Chicago to Santa Barbara is operated daily in the "Golden State Limited" via Rock Island Lines

CAPITALS DETAIL
WAR'S MOVES ON
VARIOUS FRONTSOfficial Communications Show
Activities on All Lines Dur-
ing Last 24 Hours.

ROUMANIAN FRONT

RUSSIAN
PETROGRAD, Jan. 19.—In the valleys of the Rivers Tirois and Oltus the enemy's heavy artillery bombarded the town of Oltu and the village of Bordenach. On the rest of the front there were scouting reconnoissances and infantry firing.

GERMAN
BERLIN, Jan. 19.—Front of Archduke Joseph—North of the Suchana valley, in the district of Marath, attacks undertaken against our heights positions failed with heavy losses for the enemy.

Front of Field Marshal von Mackensen—The situation is unchanged.

RUSSIAN FRONT

RUSSIAN
PETROGRAD, Jan. 19.—Last night in the region northwest of Baranovichi detachments of one of our regiments surprised two enemy field posts. The posts were both captured. Seventeen Germans were made prisoner and the remainder bayoneted.

The enemy bombarded with heavy artillery the narrow valley in the neighborhood of the village of Bubnov.

In the region of Zborov (Galicia) the enemy, after having destroyed our barbed wire entanglements in places by his artillery, assumed the offensive against our detachments situated on the heights southwest of Zborov. Notwithstanding our artillery fire a small portion of an enemy detachment entered our trenches. The enemy was promptly driven out and our position restored by reserves who arrived in good time.

GERMAN
BERLIN, Jan. 19.—The fighting has again abated after several days of increased activity.

FRENCH FRONT

FRENCH
PARIS, Jan. 19.—In the course of the day our artillery energetically counter-shelled the enemy artillery in the sectors to the east of Aubervilliers, on Hill 304 and at the Chambray farm.

An artillery duel of great intensity is reported in the region of Ramcapelle. On the remainder of the front the usual engagements took place.

BRITISH

LONDON, Jan. 19.—An enemy patrol which approached our line last night east of Fauquissart was driven off. During the day enemy working parties in the Acre region were dispersed by our artillery.

The enemy's positions in the neighborhood of Labasse canal were bombarded with satisfactory results.

Elsewhere the usual artillery activity continues.

ITALIAN FRONT

ITALIAN
ROME, Jan. 19.—Yesterday there was again only limited artillery activity on the Trentino front. Our batteries interrupted enemy movements in the valley of the Adige.

On the Carso during the morning and afternoon of yesterday the enemy carried out an intense and prolonged artillery bombardment against our positions in the sector between Frigido and the Oppachella-Castagnavizza road. Our artillery vigorously replied, stopping and dispersing the enemy groups which tried to advance against our positions. In the evening the activity ceased.

MACEDONIAN FRONT

GERMAN
BERLIN, Jan. 19.—An advance of a British company against Seres was repulsed easily.

SWITZERLAND FEARS INVASION



Switzerland again is on the war horizon. Dispatches from both London and Paris contain the expressed fear that Germany is preparing to violate the neutrality of the midland republic. The Swiss government has announced it will resist any effort of the Teutons to cross any section of their country. Gen. Ulrich Wille is reported to be engaged in re-forming two dismembered divisions of the Swiss army, and is ready to defend the country against invasion.

1.—The Teutons are reported to have begun the massing of large forces near Basel. Nothing has come from Berlin on this move, but the entente and the Swiss view it as meaning the Germans coast to push across the northeastern neck of Switzerland and, by flanking the French, force the allies to withdraw from invaded portions of Alsace and Lorraine. Moreover, observers figure the German hope would be to compel most of the allied lines to fall back as protection against the flanking.

2.—The Italians, made restless by the reports of Germany's movements, are said to have begun a shifting of troops to the southeast Switzerland frontier, ready for any eventuality. The Italian suspicion and fear seems to be that Austria might try to skirt through Switzerland and flank the Italians. However, there have come no reports of Austrian concentration.

THE WAR A YEAR AGO
Jan. 20, 1916.

King of Greece appealed to the United States against aggressions by the allies.

Russians captured Austrian positions above Cernowitz in desperate fighting.

Allied warships bombarded Bulgarian port of Dedeaghat.

Turkish army driven farther westward upon Armenian border.

British assault in France repelled, according to Berlin.

TWO YEARS AGO.
Jan. 20, 1915.

Albert Ballin, director general of the Hamburg-American Steamship company, placed in charge of all German railways and the work of delivering food supplies to the German army.

Vopicka Asks Leave to
Come to United States

Washington, D. C., Jan. 19.—[Special.]—Charles J. Vopicka of Chicago, American minister to Roumania, is expected home soon. He has requested leave of absence on account of health.

The German government has withdrawn its charge of unneutrality it had preferred against Minister Vopicka, a dispatch to the state department saying that satisfactory explanations had been made.

The state department will designate a consular officer to take physical charge of the legation together with its archives and other property in Bucharest.

Swiss General Urges
Making All Army Ready

PARIS, Jan. 19.—Gen. Ulrich Wille, commander of the Swiss army, wishes to mobilize all Switzerland's military forces, according to a Berne dispatch to the Petit Parisien. The federal council is said to regard such a measure as excessive and to have decided to mobilize only the second and fifth divisions, but it is considered not impossible that further units will be called to the colors.

Jap-German Prisoner Exchange.

BERNE, Jan. 19.—Germany and Japan soon will begin an exchange of invalid prisoners of war by the way of Holland and the United States, it is announced. This is the result of successful negotiations undertaken by the Swiss government upon representation of the Evangelical Missionary Society of Switzerland.

DIG INTO FACTS
ON PROMOTION
OF DR. GRAYSON

Washington, D. C., Jan. 19.—[Special.]—Republican senators made known tonight the results of an inquiry on which they will base opposition to confirming the promotion of Dr. Cary T. Grayson, the president's physician, over the heads of 114 navy doctors to the position of medical director with the rank of rear admiral.

When the nominations were received at the senate yesterday, an effort was made to have the nomination confirmed at once. This failed because of an objection by Senator Jones of Washington and an attempt to start the nomination on its way to confirmation today was blocked by Senator Lodge, who insisted that the Republican members of the naval committee have a chance to consider the nomination.

The Navy league, in its official organ, "Sea Power," issues an editorial in which the promotion of Dr. Grayson is severely condemned.

510,000 STARVE
IN SYRIA, REPORT

ROME, Jan. 19.—Five hundred and ten thousand people have died of starvation in Syria, according to information received by the Corriere d'Italia.

Lebanon is said to have suffered particularly, while at Beyrout inhabitants are said to have been picked up on the streets nearly dying of hunger.

Gen. Nivelle Predicts
Victory for the Allies

LONDON, Jan. 19.—Gen. Nivelle, commander of the French forces in France, replying to congratulations from the town council of Dover, telegraphed as follows:

"I do not doubt for a moment that with the assistance of the magnificent British army and its distinguished chief, Field Marshal Haig, whose friend I have the honor to be, we shall soon obtain complete victory over our detested enemy."

SHIPS RACE TO
GET REFUGEES
AMONG TURKS

Washington, D. C., Jan. 19.—Word received today from Ambassador Elkus at Constantinople that the number of Americans seeking to leave Syria and Palestine had grown from a few hundred to more than a thousand caused the state department to arrange with the navy for indefinite use of the cruiser Des Moines and the collier Cesar to bring the refugees out.

Royal League Sued
on Insurance Policy

Walter F. Hiltner of Foley, Ala., through his attorney, William H. Holden, filed suit against the Royal League in the Circuit court yesterday, seeking to collect an insurance policy carried by his father in the order.

CANADA PLANS TO
FOREGO ELECTION

Ottawa, Ont., Jan. 19.—The twelfth parliament of Canada today was opened for its seventh session by the Duke of Devonshire, governor general.

Calling attention to the fact that the life of the present parliament will expire in October, the governor general announced that a resolution would be presented which would authorize and request the enactment by the British parliament of legislation necessary to enable Canada to avoid the "distraction and confusion consequent upon a general election at so critical a time."

In this way, he said, "the wishes of the Canadian people and the urgent requirements of war," would be met best.

"In common with the rest of the empire," he concluded, "the people of this dominion are firmly resolved that in this war, which has entailed so much sacrifice and we have undertaken for the highest ideals of humanity and civilization, our efforts shall be continued and strengthened until they are crowned with an abiding peace."

GIRLS IN SCHOOLS
OR AT BUSINESS

who are delicately constituted, who have thin blood or pale cheeks, will find in

SCOTT'S EMULSION

a true tonic and a rich food to overcome tiredness, nourish their nerves and feed their blood. Start with SCOTT'S today—and say "NO" to substitutes.

Scott & Bowne, Elmfield, N. J.



SATISFACTION giving is the paramount interest in Maurice L Rothschild stores. Satisfaction with the quality of the merchandise, with the value you get, with the price you pay, with the service the goods give you. And after you've proved the merchandise, your money back cheerfully, if you ask it.

Hart Schaffner & Marx suits and
overcoats from the wholesale surplus

AN impressive showing of finest suits, evening clothes, dress overcoats, ulsters, belt overcoats, fur-collared overcoats, styles and sizes for all men, young or old. We know they're the best values ever shown, considering the present cost of such materials, and the prices that will be asked next fall.

Extra special values

at \$20, at \$25, at \$30, at \$35

This merchandise is as good as can be made; the costs are going higher all the time; every day sees added value for your money in any of these suits or overcoats.

Hart Schaffner & Marx trousers

Made from short ends of the choicest suit fabrics; suits worth \$20 to \$45. Trousers at \$3.90. Trousers at \$5.

Very finest overcoats; 6th floor

IF you take pride in a fine overcoat, one that looks and feels rich and luxurious, here are the kinds that you can be proud of.

Imported Irish, Scotch, English fabrics; and overcoats made by Burberry of London of such fabrics; some with fur collars—beaver, Persian lamb, otter, Hudson seal (dyed muskrat), motor coats, ulsters, dress overcoats. The best overcoats made.

\$25, \$30, \$35, \$40, \$45, \$50, \$60, \$75.

Good overcoat values, \$15 Blue and black suits—3dfl.

THIS is the other extreme of price, but the same proportion of quality-value. Heavy materials, blanket back weaves, soft warmth-without-weight weaves; single and double breasted styles, belt backs, ulsters, silk lined, tremendous values.

\$15

WE'RE selling them actually at less than the present market value; you'll make a profit of 33 1-3 per cent on every dollar you spend for one of these blue black suits. We're giving you old prices for new goods; we have a lot of them.

\$15, \$18, \$20, \$22.50, \$25, \$30, \$35.

Men's and young men's suits, \$15

ALL wool, of course; fit, style, tailoring, quality of unusual merit, silk mixtures, chevots, worsteds, cassimeres; the highest intrinsic values ever known at

\$15

HART SCHAFFNER & MARX finest Tuxedo suits, full silk lined; latest models and best fabrics. They're \$30 and \$35 values.

\$23.50

TAKE advantage of our savings offers in boys' clothes. Suits with two pairs of knickers; overcoats, mackinaws.

\$5.95, \$6.95, \$7.95, \$8.95, \$10

Shirt sale going fast; to-day

MANHATTAN shirts, Star shirts, M-L-R special make shirts in a great clearance sale going at a lively rate. Enough to go 'round; sizes and styles for everybody.

GROUP 1: Negligees of fine madras and cords, woven patterns, \$1.75, \$2 values,	\$1.35	GROUP 4: Madras and cords, stiff and soft turnover cuffs. Choice \$3.50 and \$4 values,	\$2.85
GROUP 2: A special lot of Manhattan and Star Shirts, negligees & pleats, the \$2.25 & \$2.50 grades,	\$1.65	GROUP 5: M-L-R Special silks; very rich colors and patterns; you'll want them at	\$3.65
GROUP 3: Negligees of madras and fancy jacquard stripes, soft and stiff, \$2.50, \$2.75, \$3 values,	\$1.95	GROUP 6: Jacquard stripe fiber silk-and-linen, all silk. They're our \$4.50 and \$5 values,	\$3.85

Open Saturday Until 9 P. M.

Maurice L Rothschild

Good clothes and nothing else

Southwest Corner Jackson and State



WHAT \$5.85 WILL DO IN SHOES

(EVEN IN THESE DAYS OF HIGH PRICES FOR GOOD LEATHER) IS CONVINCINGLY SHOWN IN THIS

O-G "CUSTOMERS' DIVIDENDS" SALE

The shoe illustrated is a flat custom last of the highest type. You can have it in dark mahogany Russia calf, or a lighter shade of tan, or a nifty black gunmetal, or the always elegant patent leather.

O-G "BROKER" (NEW)

BUTTON OR LACE

N. B.—This shoe could not be reproduced today at the factory for the price we ask.

\$5.85

O'CONNOR & GOLDBERG

6 SO. CLARK ST., SOUTH OF MADISON
Open Every Night Till 9
808 SO. STATE ST., SOUTH OF ADAMS
180 W. VAN BUREN ST., EAST OF LA SALLE
1883 MILWAUKEE AVE., CLOSE TO ASHLAND
Open Tues., Thurs. and Sat. Eve's

This is a value not soon to be duplicated. Better buy 9 pairs and put one pair away.

Money cheerfully refunded

Chicago Minneapolis St. Paul

GIRLS IN SCHOOL
OR AT BUSINESS

who are delicately constituted, who have thin blood or pale cheeks, will find in

SCOTT'S EMULSION

a true tonic and a rich food to overcome tiredness, nourish their nerves and feed their blood. Start with SCOTT'S today—and say "NO" to substitutes.

Scott & Bown, Richmond, N. J. Mch

Maurice L. Rothschild, with the goods give you, cheerfully, if you

its and
the surplus
clothes, dress
overcoats, styles
are the best val-
materials, and

at \$35

the costs are
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black suits. We're
new for goods;

\$20, \$25, \$30, \$35.

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of our savings
clothes. Suits
ickers; overcoats,

\$5, \$8.95, \$10



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ALLIES WAR FOR ETERNAL PEACE, POINCARÉ SAYS

End of Conflict Only When Rep-
aration and Guarantee Are
Given by the Enemy.

PARIS, Jan. 19.—President Poincaré received Edward Marshall, an American newspaper writer, at the Palace of the Elisee and talked with him for an hour. President Wilson's note and the reply of the entente allies. The crux of the interview appears in these words of M. Poincaré:

"We are condemned to continue the war until we obtain the reparations and guarantees made indispensable by the reparations of which we have been the victims by the sacrifices to which we have subjected ourselves, and by the peace which we have suffered."

France Is America's Friend.
"May I tell America that France is my friend, even though we are not fighting with her?" the American visitor asked.

"The United States of America and France are closely united by innumerable common recollections, by the same political traditions, by the same attachment to free institutions," President Poincaré replied. "This war, which has been the common enemy of Europe, has not altered the good relations between the United States and France. It has even made them closer and strengthened them."

Understands Wilson Motive.
"Are you willing to make some compromise with regard to President Wilson's note?" the correspondent asked.

"Knowing as we do the feelings of America, we have not failed to understand the thought which inspired the recent initiative of President Wilson," Poincaré replied. "We are at once convinced that in the mind of the illustrious president the suggestion made to the belligerents was in accord with the traditional friendship between our two nations."

"But being conscious that we are fighting for mankind, we find ourselves unable to refuse to lay down our weapons before we can sign a peace treaty," he said. "We are not ready to make a peace which would be a mere truce, but a peace which would be a permanent settlement."

In Eternal Peace.
"The fact that the president was justifying the right to the belligerents powers which he asked?" the correspondent inquired.

"It will not be from our side," said President Poincaré, "that will come any compromise of the generous ideas of President Wilson regarding the international agreements to be concluded as soon as the peace is signed in order to assure respect for the pledges given. On the contrary we very willingly shall associate ourselves with his noble intentions."

"But in order that such understandings later may produce their full, beneficial effect, we must begin by protecting the right violated and by protecting Europe against a peace which would contain the germ of future outrages."

Suffered Many Insults.
The correspondent asked President Poincaré whether France felt the return of her lost provinces, Alsace and Lorraine, as well as the restoration of Belgium, essential to the conclusion of a satisfactory peace.

"In our reply," President Poincaré said, "we also have spoken of the restoration of provinces torn away in the past by main strength or separated from us against the will of their inhabitants. Now this, that during forty-four years France has strangled the pain which her wounds have caused her. She endured provocations such as that of Alsace and many others."

"But today, when France has been delayed upon her without just motives; when her blood has been poured through the fault of others, how could she fail to claim vindication based upon right and justice?" President Poincaré said.

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Shipping Board

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An additional contribution of \$5 for the widow of Policeman Melville is being collected from "a school teacher whose district he faithfully served."

"OUT OF THE DESERT, ALIVE AND WELL"

Pair of United States Army Aviators Safe at Wellton, Ariz., After Four Days Practically Without Food. They Had Two Sandwiches and Two Oranges.



Left: W.A. Robertson

GRADUATING BOY NEVER ABSENT

Thomas M. Crompton Is
Tardy Only Once in Eight
Years—Clock Wrong.

Prodigies of the February crop of school graduates are being discovered by fond parents and loving teachers. The first on the list this year is Thomas M. Crompton, Jr., of 4014 Jackson boulevard, who will graduate from the May school at 532 South La Verne avenue. Mrs. Crompton wrote a letter to Supt. John D. Shoop yesterday and told of the record of her son.

Thomas, who is 14 years old, has been going to school for eight years. He has never missed a day of school. He has been tardy but once, and that was the clock was wrong.

Next Tuesday, there will be a meeting of the commission on military training to consider the problem of uniforms. A plan will be proposed to buy the uniforms as text books are now secured, namely, by making contracts with the manufacturers to cover the complete supply, but letting the boys purchase their own suits at the price fixed by the board and the manufacturer.

Capt. Edgar Z. Stever is at Culver Military academy, where the students who will work under him are taking a short normal course in the work for the high school boys.

ASKS INDUSTRY TO AID SCHOOLS

Closer relationship between vocational schools, employers, and unions was urged yesterday at the convention of the Vocational Education Association of the Middle West at the Auditorium hotel. Charles A. Prosser, director of the Durovody Institute of Minneapolis, described the nature of the trade agreements, which that institution has with eighteen trades in Minneapolis. Through the agreements, the unions have promised to take as apprentices all graduates of the two-year course for boys over 16 years of age. For that reason the boy taking a vocational training course is assured of a chance to get into the trade which he has adopted.

That is not true in Chicago, and the matter has come before the board of education for discussion a number of times.

Among the features of trade agreements recommended by Mr. Prosser are a three months' trial period for the pupil before adopting his trade; two years in practical, technical and academic subjects; agreement of the employer to use the school as the first source of supply in engaging new workers; approval by the union; a beginning wage equal to that of a third year apprentice; diploma granted after a year of satisfactory service as a wage earner, and advisory committees of employers and employees. The convention will close with this afternoon's session.

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SUBMARINE WAR TO BRING PEACE, GERMANS' PLAN?

Alles' Refusal to End Strife
Makes Sea Raids Necessary
—Neutrals Warned.

BY JAMES O'DONNELL BENNETT.
(Special Writer, Chicago Tribune.)
BERLIN, via Tuckerton, N. J., Jan. 19.—From competent sources comes the announcement today that the value of the enemy ships and cargoes sunk by German mines and submarines during the war up to the present time amounts to three thousand million marks.

If we estimate this destroyed shipping at the value prevailing today as a result of the war prices the amount is twice as much.

Attention also is called to the fact that the estimate of losses includes only the enemy ships destroyed and does not take into account the value of the neutral ships which have been sent down.

Position of Germany.
Such being the immense result of the mine and submarine work in the past, the future of such warfare is beginning to shape itself in the minds of the Germans as follows:

"Germany feels that every neutral must have by this time made up his mind that the most important task in the world is to finish up this war. The only question remaining is what is the right way to finish it."

"Furthermore, everybody must have come to the conclusion that the powers having the greatest chance to win the war should not be hampered by the neutral powers."

"Better," as a Dutch statesman has said, "an end with terror, than a reign of terror without end."

Hope for Neutrals' Aid.
Germany has the supremacy on the land. This being evident and the entente allies having refused our peace proposals and the whole situation proving that England is Germany's main foe, it follows that the neutral powers should not hinder Germany in the use of their best weapon against England. Other- wise we shall have the reign of terror without end instead of an end of terror."

"Since Germany, as it is manifest, cannot be conquered, we ask how shall an end of the war be attained without the use of the best weapon?"

"The undersea boat lies directly in the interest of the neutral states."

PRUSSIAN DIET FAILS AS CRITIC

Expected Vigorous Attacks
on Dr. Hollweg Fail to
Materialize.

HUNGER IN GERMANY.

BERLIN, via London, Jan. 19.—The Prussian diet took upon itself yesterday the role of critic of the government, which the reichstag at its latest session refrained from doing. Nevertheless the prediction which was heard that the session would be marked by the most vigorous attacks on Chancellor von Bethmann-Hollweg turned out to be incorrect.

The speech of Dr. von Heydebrand, Conservative leader, who is associated with the Centrist and National-Liberal parties, in favor of a more unrestricted use of submarines was far more moderate than on earlier occasions and was not characterized by attacks on the United States.

Would Delay Criticism.
Paul Breitenbach, minister of public works and the chancellor's second in the Prussian cabinet, said in a carefully worded declaration in behalf of the government:

"This grave and difficult epoch requires every renewed discussion of what ways and means are to be adopted."

He added, however, that he considered, every expression of the government's views at present to be undesirable. Responsibility for decisions, he said, rested on the chancellor, and he appealed to the patriotism of the house to support this difficult task by refraining from criticism of his policy—an appeal, which the proceedings showed to be unnecessary.

Economic Situation Serious.
Reuter's Amsterdam correspondent quotes the following from the speech of Dr. von Heydebrand:

"Our economic situation is rich in deprivations and sacrifices. We may calmly state this, because it is known abroad what we are now compelled to demand from our population."

"The rural population is not yet imbued with the consciousness of the needs of this great time. The reply of the entire powers to President Wilson ought to be placed in all communities, so that the people may recognize what will confront them if the war is lost."

"The town populations are suffering grievously. It is sad to see how long women have to wait for a couple of potatoes, and how, for the simplest necessities, town dwellers must pay absolutely exorbitant prices. These prices must also continue for a long time after the war."

AMERICANS ON SHIP SEIZED BY GERMANS

Dutch Mail Steamer Taken
Into Zeebrugge — U-Boats
Sink Four Neutral Craft.

AMSTERDAM, Jan. 19.—The Handelsblad says the Dutch mail steamer Prins Hendrik has been taken into Zeebrugge.

The 5000-ton Prins Hendrik was captured by the Germans last September and taken to Zeebrugge, but subsequently was released.

Reason for Seizure Unknown.
LONDON, Jan. 19.—According to an steamer carried no contraband.

Among the passengers on board the steamer were Robert Hill of the American commission for relief in Belgium and a Belgian. Another dispatch from Flanders says an American courier named Rustie also was on board the Prins Hendrik.

Lloyds announces the loss of the following ships:

DAGMAR (Danish). Fate of crew unknown.

VALLE (Spanish). Fate of crew unknown.

MANUEL (Spanish). Crew rescued.

BERGENHUS (Norwegian). Fate of crew unknown.

NEWLANDS TOLD SENATE SECRET

Washington, D. C., Jan. 19.—Senator Newlands acknowledged to the senate today that it was he who furnished to the Interstate Commerce Commissioner the letters while it was held confidential the executive session speech of Senator Cummings attacking the commissioner's of the speech.

Opponents of Commissioner Daniels contend that by having possession of the speech he was enabled to prepare a reply.

After the statement of Senator Newlands the senate went into executive session to consider the resolution of Senator Norris to investigate the disclosure of the speech.

The investigation was indefinitely postponed, which has the effect of ending the incident.



—From original drawing made by Will Crawford for American Radiator Company

The harmony of healthful heating

Family pleasures multiply in the home that is warmed thoroughly and evenly with cleanly and economical heat produced by an outfit of

AMERICAN & IDEAL RADIATORS & BOILERS

No family too large or too small to enjoy this genial, dollar-saving heat throughout the coldest winter.

Families by the thousands, in all parts of this cold-swept country, now living in the comfort and safety of IDEAL-AMERICAN heating, sing its praises and recommend its use. Each family will have its own particular way of expressing satisfaction, but all will unite in acclaiming its economy, dependability, safety and cleanliness.

IDEAL-AMERICAN heating defeats Winter at every turn!

Fathers are pleased at the absence of labor and repairs. The long-between firing periods of IDEAL Boilers make the outfit extremely easy to run, the fire kindled once at the beginning of the season burns until Spring with the use of almost any fuel—wood, oil, gas, hard or soft coal, run-of-mine, screenings or pea coal. IDEAL Boilers are scientifically built, fully tested, and will produce the greatest number of heat units per pound of fuel burned.

Mother rejoices in the uniform even heat in all rooms for the children and old folks. No ash dust, or coal gases in the air, therefore less house-cleaning. The IDEAL Boiler and AMERICAN Radiators really add to her leisure time, making the house the pleasantest, most harmoniously heated place in the world, no matter how bleak Winter howls outside.

"Ideal Heating" catalog (free) will help you to decide
Send for a copy today. Get all the facts before you and phone your dealer for an estimate. Act now, five cold months still ahead.

Thinking about a vacuum cleaner? Send for catalog
Of the Arco Wand—the big success of this age of labor saving devices—permanent machine for new or old buildings—good for a lifetime of daily service—costs about a penny a day to operate. Price \$175 up—fully guaranteed.

AMERICAN RADIATOR COMPANY

Write Department C-19, 816-822 S. Michigan Ave., Chicago

No exclusive agents. Sold by all dealers.

Public Showrooms at Chicago, New York, Boston, Providence, Worcester, Philadelphia, Wilkes-Barre, Baltimore, Washington, St. Paul, St. Louis, Kansas City, Detroit, Grand Rapids, Indianapolis, Cincinnati, Cleveland, Toledo, Columbus, Cincinnati, St. Paul, St. Louis, Kansas City, Des Moines, Omaha, Denver, San Francisco, Los Angeles, Seattle, Spokane, Portland, Toronto, Montreal (Can.).

PEOPLE WHO'VE DONE US DIRT:
Ice men:

THE TRIBUNE FINALS TODAY FOR 487 BOY SKATERS

Survivors from a Field of 487 Kids to Compete at Garfield Park.

"Tribune" Skating

Garfield park. Skating in finals—487. Entries in 1916—521. Entries in 1915—521.

WALTER ECKERSALL.

It is the day for you to go to Garfield park to see the final of the Tribune's skating season.

The Tribune's skating season is the most popular of the city's winter sports.

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The Banks Have Started a Chinese Laundry

AIN'T A WOMAN A FOOLISH THING?

AT 16 THIS GIRL REJECTS AN OFFER FROM THE SWEETHEART OF HER YOUTH



AT 22 SCORNS THE DOZENS OF PROPOSALS SHE RECEIVES



SHE REFUSES THE BEST LOOKING AND RICHEST MAN IN TOWN AT 25 BECAUSE SHE DOESN'T LIKE THE KIND OF COLLAR HE WEARS



AT 27 TURNING DOWN AN ITALIAN COUNT-ESS MOTHER'S AMBITION



AND THEN WHEN SHE GETS ABOUT 35 GOES OUT WITH A BOAT HOOK AND GRABS THE FIRST BOOB THAT COMES ALONG—WITH ONE FOOT IN THE GRAVE



AIN'T A WOMAN A FOOLISH THING?



In the Wake of the News

SMALL TALK AT BREAKFAST.

CHARACTERS.

John.

Jim.

We.

John—What color is my pajamas?

Jim—White and blue.

John—What color is my pillowcase?

Jim—White and blue.

John—What color is my shirt?

Jim—White and blue.

John—What color is my tie?

Jim—White and blue.

John—What color is my jacket?

Jim—White and blue.

John—What color is my hat?

Jim—White and blue.

John—What color is my shoes?

Jim—White and blue.

John—What color is my socks?

Jim—White and blue.

John—What color is my underwear?

Jim—White and blue.

John—What color is my nightgown?

Jim—White and blue.

John—What color is my pajamas?

Jim—White and blue.

John—What color is my pillowcase?

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John—What color is my pajamas?

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JO LOOMIS TIES WORLD'S RECORD IN PURPLE MEET

Director Delaney's Chicago Athletic association athletes indulged in work-out last night in Patten gymnasium.

With Coach Omer's Purple trackmen as hosts.

After six friendly events the score read 26-15 for the C. A. A. and 24-45 for Northwestern.

Jo Loomis and three Purple sprinters survived the preliminary heats of the fifty yard dash and the speed of Omer's men was sufficient to push Loomis into tying his own world's record of 10-5-3, made at St. Louis last year.

Floyd Smart, the Purple's sophomore runner, brought forth cheers from the home crowd when he took up the final lap of the relay with a handicap of three yards and finished a winner by five yards.

One mile run—Won by Mason, C. A. A.; Hammond, Northwestern, second; McDonald, C. A. A.; third, 4:04.4.

20 yard dash—Won by Jo Loomis, C. A. A.; Smart, Northwestern, second; Barker, Northwestern, third, 10-5-3.

100 yard dash—Won by Loomis, C. A. A.; Smart, Northwestern, second; Barker, Northwestern, third, 1:12.5.

200 yard dash—Won by Loomis, C. A. A.; Smart, Northwestern, second; Barker, Northwestern, third, 2:30.5.

400 yard dash—Won by Loomis, C. A. A.; Smart, Northwestern, second; Barker, Northwestern, third, 5:15.5.

800 yard dash—Won by Loomis, C. A. A.; Smart, Northwestern, second; Barker, Northwestern, third, 10:45.5.

1600 yard dash—Won by Loomis, C. A. A.; Smart, Northwestern, second; Barker, Northwestern, third, 21:45.5.

3200 yard dash—Won by Loomis, C. A. A.; Smart, Northwestern, second; Barker, Northwestern, third, 43:45.5.

6400 yard dash—Won by Loomis, C. A. A.; Smart, Northwestern, second; Barker, Northwestern, third, 85:45.5.

12800 yard dash—Won by Loomis, C. A. A.; Smart, Northwestern, second; Barker, Northwestern, third, 171:45.5.

25600 yard dash—Won by Loomis, C. A. A.; Smart, Northwestern, second; Barker, Northwestern, third, 343:45.5.

51200 yard dash—Won by Loomis, C. A. A.; Smart, Northwestern, second; Barker, Northwestern, third, 687:45.5.

102400 yard dash—Won by Loomis, C. A. A.; Smart, Northwestern, second; Barker, Northwestern, third, 1375:45.5.

204800 yard dash—Won by Loomis, C. A. A.; Smart, Northwestern, second; Barker, Northwestern, third, 2751:45.5.

409600 yard dash—Won by Loomis, C. A. A.; Smart, Northwestern, second; Barker, Northwestern, third, 5503:45.5.

819200 yard dash—Won by Loomis, C. A. A.; Smart, Northwestern, second; Barker, Northwestern, third, 11007:45.5.

1638400 yard dash—Won by Loomis, C. A. A.; Smart, Northwestern, second; Barker, Northwestern, third, 22015:45.5.

3276800 yard dash—Won by Loomis, C. A. A.; Smart, Northwestern, second; Barker, Northwestern, third, 44031:45.5.

6553600 yard dash—Won by Loomis, C. A. A.; Smart, Northwestern, second; Barker, Northwestern, third, 88063:45.5.

13107200 yard dash—Won by Loomis, C. A. A.; Smart, Northwestern, second; Barker, Northwestern, third, 176127:45.5.

26214400 yard dash—Won by Loomis, C. A. A.; Smart, Northwestern, second; Barker, Northwestern, third, 352255:45.5.

52428800 yard dash—Won by Loomis, C. A. A.; Smart, Northwestern, second; Barker, Northwestern, third, 704511:45.5.

104857600 yard dash—Won by Loomis, C. A. A.; Smart, Northwestern, second; Barker, Northwestern, third, 1409023:45.5.

209715200 yard dash—Won by Loomis, C. A. A.; Smart, Northwestern, second; Barker, Northwestern, third, 2818047:45.5.

419430400 yard dash—Won by Loomis, C. A. A.; Smart, Northwestern, second; Barker, Northwestern, third, 5636095:45.5.

838860800 yard dash—Won by Loomis, C. A. A.; Smart, Northwestern, second; Barker, Northwestern, third, 11272191:45.5.

1677721600 yard dash—Won by Loomis, C. A. A.; Smart, Northwestern, second; Barker, Northwestern, third, 22544383:45.5.

3355443200 yard dash—Won by Loomis, C. A. A.; Smart, Northwestern, second; Barker, Northwestern, third, 45088767:45.5.

6710886400 yard dash—Won by Loomis, C. A. A.; Smart, Northwestern, second; Barker, Northwestern, third, 90177535:45.5.

13421772800 yard dash—Won by Loomis, C. A. A.; Smart, Northwestern, second; Barker, Northwestern, third, 180355071:45.5.

26843545600 yard dash—Won by Loomis, C. A. A.; Smart, Northwestern, second; Barker, Northwestern, third, 360710143:45.5.

53687091200 yard dash—Won by Loomis, C. A. A.; Smart, Northwestern, second; Barker, Northwestern, third, 721420287:45.5.

107374182400 yard dash—Won by Loomis, C. A. A.; Smart, Northwestern, second; Barker, Northwestern, third, 1442840575:45.5.

214748364800 yard dash—Won by Loomis, C. A. A.; Smart, Northwestern, second; Barker, Northwestern, third, 2885681151:45.5.

429496729600 yard dash—Won by Loomis, C. A. A.; Smart, Northwestern, second; Barker, Northwestern, third, 5771362303:45.5.

858993459200 yard dash—Won by Loomis, C. A. A.; Smart, Northwestern, second; Barker, Northwestern, third, 11542724607:45.5.

1717986918400 yard dash—Won by Loomis, C. A. A.; Smart, Northwestern, second; Barker, Northwestern, third, 23085449215:45.5.

3435973836800 yard dash—Won by Loomis, C. A. A.; Smart, Northwestern, second; Barker, Northwestern, third, 46170898431:45.5.

6871947673600 yard dash—Won by Loomis, C. A. A.; Smart, Northwestern, second; Barker, Northwestern, third, 92341796863:45.5.

13743895347200 yard dash—Won by Loomis, C. A. A.; Smart, Northwestern, second; Barker, Northwestern, third, 184683593727:45.5.

27487790694400 yard dash—Won by Loomis, C. A. A.; Smart, Northwestern, second; Barker, Northwestern, third, 369367187455:45.5.

54975581388800 yard dash—Won by Loomis, C. A. A.; Smart, Northwestern, second; Barker, Northwestern, third, 738734374911:45.5.

109951162777600 yard dash—Won by Loomis, C. A. A.; Smart, Northwestern, second; Barker, Northwestern, third, 1477468749823:45.5.

219902325555200 yard dash—Won by Loomis, C. A. A.; Smart, Northwestern, second; Barker, Northwestern, third, 2954937499647:45.5.

439804651110400 yard dash—Won by Loomis, C. A. A.; Smart, Northwestern, second; Barker, Northwestern, third, 5909874999295:45.5.

879609302220800 yard dash—Won by Loomis, C. A. A.; Smart, Northwestern, second; Barker, Northwestern, third, 11819749998591:45.5.

1759218604441600 yard dash—Won by Loomis, C. A. A.; Smart, Northwestern, second; Barker, Northwestern, third, 23639499997183:45.5.

3518437208883200 yard dash—Won by Loomis, C. A. A.; Smart, Northwestern, second; Barker, Northwestern, third, 47278999994367:45.5.

7036874417766400 yard dash—Won by Loomis,

Mandel Brothers

The store that keeps step with youth

A sale of girls' new tub frocks

secured in a highly advantageous purchase

Because of the co-operation of several prominent manufacturers and the employment of every resource our own experts could turn to account, we



anticipate that this sale shall surpass in value-giving any similar event of this season. Many of the dresses are made up of lengths of handsome, "quality" fabrics, such as are usually put into frocks of much greater cost.

Girls' gingham dresses
Girls' chambray dresses
Girls' pique trim dresses
95c
Girls' plaid dresses
Girls' check dresses
Girls' plain colored dresses

Featuring, also, girls' tub frocks at 1.50 and 1.95

They were secured in the same purchase with those at 95c. You will find it advantageous to anticipate your requirements for the season in this sale.

Fourth floor.

Radical reductions on boys' clothing

—all boys' overcoats, mackinaws and fancy
norfolk suits at most pronounced savings

This in pursuance of our confirmed policy to carry no winter stock over into the new season. In view of continually increasing costs the savings become two-fold more interesting—future prices on similar garments will range from 35 to 50% higher than original prices on the clothing in this sale.



Boys' fancy norfolk suits reduced
to 5.75, 7.75 and 10.75

Included are suits of the kind that sold up to 16.50 all season. The majority with two pairs of trousers. All the season's preferred styles and patterns, including pinch back and patch pocket models; sizes 7 to 18.

Overcoats for the larger boys (10 to 18 yrs.) reduced to 6.75, 8.75 and 10.75.

Boys' winter mackinaw coats reduced to 5.75 and 7.75

Original prices ranged to 13.50. All the popular plaids; large shawl collar, pinch back, and large, roomy pockets; two and three piece belts; 8 to 18 years. Boys' shop, second floor.

Juvenile suits of wool; 3 to 9 yrs.; originally to 12.50; reduced to 4.75 and 6.75.

Boys' winter overcoats reduced
to 4.75, 7.75 and 10.75

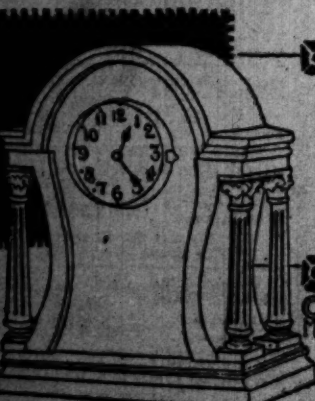
Coats originally to 16.50. All styles and fabrics: solid blue, gray and brown chin-chilla, fancy mixtures; double breasted, buttoned up to the neck, convertible collar; velvet collar; sizes for boys 2 1/2 to 10 years.

Mandel Brothers

Clock section, first floor

Thru the purchase of the entire line, we quote
8-day mantel clocks at half

at 12.50



The manufacturer discontinued making this line of clocks and closed his balance of stock to us at half price. The clock movement is American made and strikes both the hour and half hour on a deep-toned cathedral gong.

The case is of solid mahogany, in empire style and very heavy; the workmanship of highest grade. The clock stands 16 inches high, 13 1/2 inches wide, and has a 5 1/2-inch dial. Fully guaranteed. Priced 12.50.

First floor.

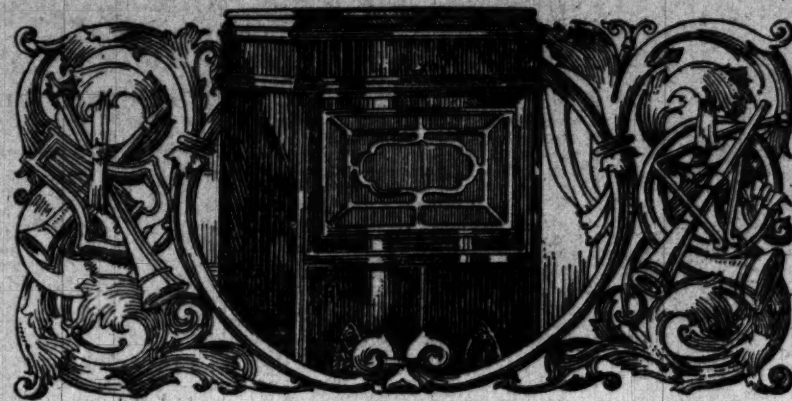
Mandel's mixer and small women's section, third floor:

New "sports" smocks at 2.95



They're in cotton crepe, in copenhagen or pink stripes; hand smoking in front, on collar and back center of waist line; all-around belts and novelty pockets. See picture.

Third floor.



The CHENEY PHONOGRAPH

Plays All Records—Better

A Forceful Endorsement

By CLEOFONTE CAMPANINI
General Director, Chicago Opera Association

YOUR remarkable instrument has attracted my attention because, in its true interpretation of the artist's personality, I see great educational possibilities.

The Cheney is a real musical instrument, and I am sure that its musical superiority will win quickly public approval.

I further desire to compliment you upon the beautiful designs of your instrument.

Yours very truly,

Cleofonte Campanini

Prices, \$75, \$100, \$150, \$200 and \$300. Phonograph Section, Third Floor, North Room

MARSHALL FIELD & COMPANY

RESORTS AND HOTELS

"Dreadful weather here. Peggy! What is it like in Atlantic City?"
"Just lovely, Marie. The sun is shining brightly. The ocean looks delightful and the Boardwalk is thronged with the nicest people. I played Golf all day yesterday. It was superb. If you want to thoroughly enjoy these winter days, pack your trunk and join me here in Atlantic City, N.J."

Atlantic City, N.J.

THE LEADING HOUSES ARE ALWAYS OPEN and will furnish full information, rates, etc., on application (Hotels are all American Plan, unless otherwise noted)

Marlborough-Blenheim Hotel, 1000 N. 3rd St., Atlantic City, N.J.
Hotel Dennis, 1000 N. 3rd St., Atlantic City, N.J.
Hotel Chelsea, 1000 N. 3rd St., Atlantic City, N.J.
The Shelburne, 1000 N. 3rd St., Atlantic City, N.J.
Hotel St. Charles, 1000 N. 3rd St., Atlantic City, N.J.
Seaside House, 1000 N. 3rd St., Atlantic City, N.J.
Hotel Strand, 1000 N. 3rd St., Atlantic City, N.J.
Hotel Belmont, 1000 N. 3rd St., Atlantic City, N.J.
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Consult local ticket agents for complete information regarding train connections, time tables, etc.

Winter Tours

To California and Hawaii

SPECIAL TOURS leave Chicago every Saturday evening up to and including March 31, via Chicago, Union Pacific & North Western Lines.

An experienced representative accompanies each tour. All expenses of independent travel—hotel, meals, etc.—are extra. We look after all your travel comforts. Let us send you "Winter Tours" book, containing full information about our First Class Tours.

HOWARD H. HAYS, Manager
Department of Tours
140 So. Clark Street, Chicago
Telephone: Randolph 7900

ST. GEORGE

Resort Hotel—1917 and 1918. European. 140 to 150 rooms. Telephone: 7900

TAMPA BAY HOTEL

On beautiful West Coast. A Business Hotel. Golf Course. Swimming. Fishing. Tennis. Motorists. Everything. W. F. Adams, Manager

THE MENDER

San Antonio, Texas. Only every day. EDWIN H. LEE, Manager

ASHEVILLE, N. C.

THE LAND OF THE SKY. Mountain climate. Excellent riding, tennis, golf, fishing. Write for Book of Trade

DAYTONA, FLA.

The Most Delightful Spot in Florida. Excellent climate. Tennis, riding, golf, fishing. Write for Book of Trade

SAN ANTONIO

Take the Southern Express from Mountain View. From R. Road to beautiful San Antonio. When it's summer time in winter.

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Take the Southern Express from Mountain View. From R. Road to beautiful San Antonio. When it's summer time in winter.

CARSON PIRIE SCOTT & Co.

Blue Serge Suits

The Kind of Clothes a Boy Always Looks His Best In

And here are new assortments of new blue serge suits for boys for spring.

Ready for graduation and for other dress-up occasions.

And these suits are tailored of blue serge of a weight suitable for present wear, coming in the new styles for spring.

There are all sizes included from 8 to 18 years—

With extra knickerbockers these blue serge suits are priced \$12.75.

A Special Purchase—

Boys' Smart Suits With Two Pairs of Knickerbockers at \$8.50

These we have combined with many of our old suits for boys, that were priced at a considerably higher figure, making almost 300 suits in all from which to choose.

There are suits of cassimeres in the always favored styles, in patterns and colorings which are attractive in themselves and when mothers see how well tailored and how well finished these suits are, they will realize that this is an occasion happening once in a long time.

All sizes from 8 to 18 years in the lot as a whole, at \$8.50, with two pairs of knickerbockers.

Boys' New Spring Blouses 75c

Bright new fabrics, excellently made with collars attached or with neckbands, with double French cuffs and in sizes from 6 to 15 years, at 75c each.

Second Floor, South.

This Broadcloth Coat Silk Lined, Now \$22.50



No C. O. D. Refunds or Exchanges

F. N. MATTHEWS & CO., 21 East Madison Street

21 East Madison Street

January Clearance of Women's Apparel

There is no alternative! We carry nothing over—our one object is to get the space these clothes occupy in our store now in process of making.

Following are some Reductions:

\$40.00 Burgundy, Broadcloth Suit now priced \$17.50
\$40.00 Navy, Broadcloth Suit now priced \$17.50
\$40.00 Navy, Broadcloth Suit now priced \$17.50
\$40.00 Navy, Broadcloth Suit now priced \$17.50
\$40.00 Navy, Broadcloth Suit now priced \$17.50
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RESORTS—FOREIGN

Ocean Travel.

R. M. S. P. WEST INDIES

Service resumed Jan. 27, S. S. T. Agnes IDEAL 21 DAY CRUISE, 21M UP

From New York to Cuba (Santiago), Tampa, Panama, Colon, Costa Rica, San Pedro de Macoris, Santo Domingo, Puerto Plata, Santiago de los Caballeros, San Juan, P.R., and back to New York.

Largest, Finest and Fastest Vessel in SOUTH AFRICA BY UNION-CASTLE LINE

SOUTH AMERICA (COLOMBIA & ECUADOR) From New York to Santos, Brazil, Rio de Janeiro, Recife, Pernambuco, Fortaleza, Natal, Salvador, Bahia, and back to New York.

THE ROYAL MAIL STEAM PACKET CO. (The Union-Castle Mail S. S. Co. Ltd.) The Pacific Steam Navigation Co. The India Steam Navigation Co. The British India Steam Navigation Co. The P. & O. Steam Navigation Co. The Messageries Maritimes Co. The Compagnie Generale Transatlantique Co. The Compagnie Generale de Navigation Co. The Compagnie Generale de Commerce Co. The Compagnie Generale de Industrie Co. The Compagnie Generale de Finance Co. The Compagnie Generale de Transport Co. The Compagnie Generale de Construction Co. The Compagnie Generale de Distribution Co. The Compagnie Generale de Communication Co. The Compagnie Generale de Culture Co. The Compagnie Generale de Commerce Co. The Compagnie Generale de Industrie Co. The Compagnie Generale de Finance Co. The Compagnie Generale de Transport Co. The Compagnie Generale de Construction Co. The Compagnie Generale de Distribution Co. The Compagnie Generale de Communication Co. The Compagnie Generale de Culture Co. 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HOBOS TO JOIN U. S. SURGEONS FIGHTING GERMS

Migratory Workers Will Report
on Moves of Deadly Ty-
phus Disease.

By HENRY M. HYDE.

The students of the International college over on Washington boulevard and the United States government are going to cooperate in a nationwide crusade against contagious typhus.

This statement is not made as a joke. The Rev. Irving St. John Tucker, of the college, returned yesterday from Washington where he enlisted in the war cooperation of Surgeon General Rupert Blue, chief of the public health service. As the first result of the alliance Uncle Sam has agreed to do all what may be called the work of preventive medicine in the college university.

Talk on Typhoid. The opening lecture in the course will be delivered by Dr. H. C. Kuykendall of the service, who is just returning from many months of public health work in the field. He will talk on typhoid fever, illustrating the lecture with lantern slides. The lecture will be followed by a discussion of the disease, Dr. R. R. Spencer being the second speaker. Experts on various diseases will be sent from Washington and the great slide collections of the service will be freely used.

The importance of the movement lies not merely in the fact that the hobos will be taught how to avoid contagious diseases themselves. The migratory character of their work makes them often agents in scattering diseases all over the country. By cooperating with the public health service these men can prevent or at least check the spread of disease among all classes of people.

Dr. Burns. On the impression conveyed by the newspaper headlines nine-tenths of the hobos at the college are not hobo but are their chief characteristic as well as their chief danger. They are migratory laborers, who follow the seasons and the harvest fields to the ice fields, and from the ice fields to the mountains of the far west to the building of great dams and public works in New York and Pennsylvania.

It will astonish most people to be told that there are 2,000,000 such migratory laborers in the country. They rarely stay in one place long enough to acquire local citizenship. Mr. Tucker likes to call them "citizens at large of the United States" and to point out that they travel the national government may well place an active interest in their welfare.

Just now, for instance, the department of public health at Washington is somewhat exercised at the possible spread of the dreaded typhus fever in some of the western states. It came up across the border from the south with the Mexican refugees.

Many of these Mexicans, owing to the severity of other labor, have been hired by western railroads. Already they have scattered the germs of typhus in several states of the west. It has not appeared in the cities and towns, but a number of cases have broken out where Mexicans have been working. There is as yet nothing alarming in the situation and the government health officers are working hard to prevent it from becoming dangerous.

It is proposed that each of the wandering workers as he starts out to take a job in any part of the country shall carry with him a number of blankets on which he may report cases of contagious disease and sanitary conditions. At the various camps where he works, he is to be furnished with envelopes in which he may frank his reports direct to the public health service.

Possible to Check Disease. If the reports sent in by the hobos prove to be reliable they may be posted in the twenty great free employment offices now maintained by the federal government. If conditions as shown by these reports are bad in certain labor camps the hobos will naturally stay away from them and thus automatically prevent the spread of disease.

This spring, when the course of lectures in preventive medicine is completed, examinations will be held and to those who pass the college will award in place of a diploma a hobo's first class ticket containing materials for the speedy treatment of injuries likely to be suffered by laborers in construction camps far from medical attention.

Many \$100,000 Inheritance Tax on Deering Estate

St. Paul, Minn., Jan. 19.—Circuit Judge J. W. Johnson today decided in a case in which the state of South Dakota sought to collect an inheritance tax from the estate of the late William Deering, that the property, consisting of land, buildings, and other personal property, was not taxable because the property was kept at Evanston, Ill.

DIME CONCERT

Program to Be Heard at Herzl School Tomorrow.

The next dime concert by the American Symphony orchestra under the auspices of THE TRIBUNE and the Civic Music association, will be given tomorrow afternoon at 3:30 at the Herzl school, 1433 South Ridgeway avenue. Richard Wagner, "Celloist," is the soloist. The program arranged is as follows:

Overture—"Midsummer Night's Dream".....Mendelssohn
Andante from Concerto in A minor.....Gottmann
Moment Musical.....Schubert
Nocturne from "Midsummer Night's Dream".....Mendelssohn
Scherzo from "Midsummer Night's Dream".....Mendelssohn
The Star Spangled Banner.....Strauss
The Star Spangled Banner.....Strauss

A new Civic Music club with two departments is being organized at Hamlin park, North Hoyne and Wellington avenue, by the Civic Music association. The Volkslieder Verein, a chorus of German women, will meet on Friday evenings at 8 p. m. Mari Reus Hotel will conduct the chorus. On Tuesday and Friday afternoons at 4 o'clock Miss Anna McPherson will direct a children's chorus.

BIRTH CONTROL CRIME CAUSE?

Mrs. Leonora Z. Meder Says
Practice Is Immoral Be-
cause Unnatural.

"The cry of the nation cannot be still. Like a haunting specter it hovers close at hand. God in his wisdom is wise than these women of fads and whims. His plans, not theirs, are the ones to follow. He would have had his children when He said: 'Suffer little children, and forbid them not, for of such is the kingdom of heaven.'—Mrs. Leonora Z. Meder.

Into the teeth of the disciples of birth control, Mrs. Leonora Z. Meder, former commissioner of public welfare, during the past week in an address before the Evanston Woman's club yesterday.

She said birth control tends to create selfishness in parents and children. She said untrained practice of it would ruin the population, lead to social prostitution, increase crime, and endanger lives of the innocent.

Lessons of Asylums. "You have only to visit the insane asylums at Elgin, Kankakee, or DuSable," declared Mrs. Meder, "to see the appalling ruin and misery that body brought on by this heinous practice. These asylums alone would make any thinking woman realize that the laws of God and nature demand a cessation of this practice."

Immoral Because Unnatural. "Birth control is immoral, because it is a perversion of a natural human faculty," declared Mrs. Meder. "It is unnatural, because it is a perversion of the laws of God and nature. It is a crime, because it is a violation of the laws of God and nature."

Walpole. "One of nineteen children Franklin. One of fourteen Napoleon. One of twelve Washington. One of ten Webster. One of eight Cleveland. One of six Lincoln. One of four Jefferson. One of two Madison."

Seize Carload of Whisky Shipped as "Potatoes"

Fort Smith, Ark., Jan. 19.—A carload of whisky, containing fifty barrels, the retail value of which, according to revenue officials, was estimated at \$25,000, was seized by the government here today. The consignment was being shipped as potatoes.

BUDGET FIXED AT \$27,248,568 BY COMMITTEE

City's Finances \$200,000 Under Receipts After Devising \$1,000,000 Saving.

The city's budget makers devoted a final session yesterday to municipal high finance and reported out the 1917 appropriation bill by a vote of ten to two. At the outset the opponents of the \$4,000,000 bond issue to pay for electric light installation obtained a reconsideration of this proposal. It is the committee's plan in sending it up the waste basket. Then Controller Pike was ordered to pay the sanitary district approximately \$1,000,000 to cover the amount due on the electric light contract last year.

Two Remedies Devised. Accordingly two remedies were devised and adopted. One was an ordinance directing Controller Pike to "save" \$500,000 during the course of the year. The other was a proposal to put into effect a revision upward of all license fees so as to increase the city's revenues by another \$500,000.

The net result was that the members of the finance committee figured they had prepared a budget nearly \$200,000 below the city's income. By deducting the \$500,000 "saving" from the appropriations and by increasing the revenues a like amount the committee's balance sheet stands as follows: Authorized expenditure, \$27,248,568; estimated income, \$27,516,288.

Two Votes "No." Ald. Geiger and Elder were the committee members who voted in the negative. Ald. Geiger said he was skeptical about the \$500,000 "saving," and declared a bond issue would be the only proper solution. It is the committee's program to meet subsequent obligations to the sanitary district by a system of deferred payments spread over five years.

During the day the committee decided to have 10 per cent of the salaries of officials and employees receiving more than \$4,000. This will not apply to elective officials, whose salary cannot be changed during their term of office. It hits the members of the mayor's cabinet and twenty or thirty others.

The committee on parks, playgrounds, and bathing beaches submitted a request for a \$450,000 bond issue for bathing beaches and recreation purposes.

MERRIAM JOINS MAYOR. Ald. C. E. Merriam and the city administration yesterday submitted a joint motion picture to the city council. It was the first concrete result of the Merriam-Thompson "peace" conference.

The petition, which is subsequently to be sent to the state legislature, consists of an argument in behalf of the city written by Ald. Merriam and a disavowal of legal questions by Corporation Counsel Eklund. Mr. Eklund's contribution was prepared at the instance of Mayor Thompson.

Wants Machinery Created. Ald. Merriam suggests that the proposed machinery for home rule should be created by the city council in the form either of a commission with full powers or of a commission whose orders would be subject to review by the council.

"Chicago cannot work at a city plan," Ald. Merriam said in his argument. "Without the power to control its own transportation lines, for a plan which left out these lines would mean very little. A zoning system that was not related to the transportation system serving these districts would be very imperfect in its operation."

The street plan, the park system, the building districts, residential and industrial, the terminal facilities, and the transportation routes must all be included in a well formulated and closely knit plan if Chicago is to reach the requirements of a modern city."

THE MAN UPSTAIRS

THE NORTH

THE SOUTH

THE NORTH

THE SOUTH

THE NORTH

THE SOUTH

THE NORTH

THE SOUTH

THE NORTH

ROE JR. GIVES HIMSELF UP

Son of Standard Oil Director
Eloped While Mar-
ried, Lawyer Says.

Livingston Roe Jr., son of a retired millionaire Standard Oil director, surrendered himself in the Court of Domestic Relations yesterday on a charge of non-support sworn to by Mrs. Pearl Roe of 128 East Forty-second street. In the complaint Mrs. Roe charged that he deserted her immediately after their elopement to Crown Point in December, 1914.

Statements made by attorneys representing Mrs. Roe indicated when the case is brought to trial it will be charged that Roe did not secure a divorce from his first wife, Mildred Roe. The attorneys state that unless the woman who now claims to be Roe's wife is not Mrs. Mildred Roe, who married him first, he has contracted a third marriage without securing a divorce from either of two previous wives.

According to Attorney C. H. McDermott, Roe's first wife, Mrs. Mildred Roe, obtained a separate maintenance decree in Judge Gibbon's court in 1914. Attorney McDermott acted as Mrs. Roe's counsel in the suit. She was awarded \$30 a week.

Mrs. Mildred Roe came to me in 1914 and said that she did not want a divorce, but wanted separate maintenance," Mr. McDermott said. "We got it for her. There is no record of Roe securing a divorce from her and had she wanted she would have applied to me to get it."

ALTERS MOONEY CASE TESTIMONY
San Francisco, Cal., Jan. 19.—Declaring under oath that the bomb exploded yesterday when he said that the bomb which exploded here last July, killing ten persons, "exploded because it struck the ground," Dr. Davis E. Stanford, co-attempter surgeon, today repudiated his testimony while under cross-examination by the defense in the murder trial of Thomas J. Mooney.

The business of the "runners," which the license commission learned was both profitable and nefarious, was killed by the council without a dissenting vote. The council concurred in the recommendation of the Association of Commerce for an amendment to the state law to raise funds by taxation for a "town hall of the nation."

POLICE SNIFF GARLIC TRAIL OF "YEGGMEN"
Thieves broke into the grocery and meat market of Maas & Luetelt, 876 Orleans street, Thursday night, and among other things stole a safe weighing 700 pounds. They also stole a side of beef, an imported ham from Italy, a quantity of macaroni, and olive oil, and a string of carol.

Advertising Printed by Chicago Morning Papers
Friday, January 19th, 1917:
The Tribune.....104.23
The other morning papers combined.....83.93
The Tribune's excess, 20.30

FAITHFUL

Halsted Street Hermit True to
Memory of Girl Who Died
Years Ago in Norway.

Forty years ago, so Charles Heyerdahl told the story, the handsome young son of a wealthy merchant of Trondheim, Norway, he sat by the deathbed of the woman who was to have been his wife, and swore he would be true to her memory as long as he lived. To keep his promise he left the home of his ancestors and sailed for America, penniless.

Last Wednesday, Charles Heyerdahl, "the Halsted street hermit," was found dead in the rear of his little candy shop at 308 South Halsted. He left no will, but \$400, the accumulation of a thrifty manhood, is to be sent to his relatives by Attorney Olaf E. Ray, for the Norwegian consul.

Ole Flewag, who keeps a butcher shop near Heyerdahl's place, said that he remained true to his vow, and consequently led a lonely life, cheered only by the laughter of his little customers and his dreams. His one wish was that he might be taken to Norway to be buried. According to Judge William C. Ponder, the great Heyerdahl family of Trondheim asking whether or not they will accept the body of their wayward relative.

JUDGE ADVISES TO MEND FAMILY
"Buy Some Furniture, Get a Flat and Job, and Begin Again," He Says.

BY AUDRIE ALSPAUGH CHASE.
The Smiths faced Judge Steik yesterday. They were a well mated young couple, each nice looking and intelligent, but the discord in their souls shone through in their faces. In June she left him.

"Why not give him one more chance?" asked the judge. "My folks didn't want me to," she said, and explained the reasons for the trouble. "He didn't care to work. He stays one place a few weeks, then quits and spends all of his money on his friends."

Try to Do Better. The young man, head bowed, listened to her talk and the judge's comments. Then when his turn came he diagnosed his own case. "The trouble is I got too many friends, I guess. I realize I done wrong, and I'll try to do better."

The fact that there was no furniture and no money saved up gave the court pause. Then said the judge: "You think you can make good if given a chance? Then get a job and save some money. You stay with your folks a while. You must do your part, too, you know." To the girl, "Buy some furniture and get a flat and begin again."

SWAIN NELSON, LINCOLN PARK DESIGNER, DEAD

Swain Nelson, original designer of Lincoln park and one of the leading nurserymen of the west, died on Thursday at the residence of his son, Seymour G. Nelson, in Glen View, at the age of 89 years.

Mr. Nelson came to Chicago in 1885 and engaged in the landscape gardening profession, having previously prepared himself for it in Sweden, his native land. His designs for Lincoln park were accepted in 1885 by the city council, and during the following fifteen years he directed the work of developing that park as well as several others, including Humboldt, Garfield, Douglas and Union parks. He laid out Graceland cemetery and also the Walker estate, now known as Buena Vista.

He was a lifelong member and devoted believer in the Church of the New Jerusalem, and in association with J. E. Scammon and others he helped form the Chicago society of the church. He moved from Chicago to Glen View in 1905 and was an active member of the firm he founded up to the time of his death. He was one of the oldest readers of THE TRIBUNE. He often said he had every issue from his arrival here.

His wife, Mrs. Mary Nelson, and three daughters, Mrs. A. L. Gyllenhal and Miss Emma and Miss Adah Nelson.

MILDWEATHER LOWERS COSTS OF FOODSTUFFS
While federal, state, and municipal officials pored over records in their investigations of the high cost of food products yesterday, Mother Nature came wined by two sons, Seymour G. Nelson, in Glen View, at the age of 89 years.

Further reductions are promised if not prevented by colder weather. Egg prices to retailers were reduced from 80 and 85 cents a dozen to 46 and 47 cents for best candled lots. This was 8 cents and 9 cents a dozen cheaper than the recent high point. Potatoes in car lots sold at \$1.70 to \$2 a bushel, as contrasted with \$1.75 to \$2.10 Thursday, and chickens were off to 17 1/2 and 18 cents a pound, as compared with 18 and 19 1/2 cents.

Milder weather, with expectations of an increased production and larger receipts to come, was held responsible for the reductions. Dealers admitted the consumptive demand had been greatly reduced by recent high costs, but predicted there would be a prompt revival of buying on the part of housewives if retailers follow the cuts made in wholesale values.

JANITORS SEE VICTORY AND WON'T PARLEY
"We will never arbitrate; we consider it already won the strike," said William Quesse, president of the Flat Janitors' union, yesterday.

The janitors clinched their victory decisively today by signing up the owner of twenty flat buildings, Quesse said. "There is only one other large owner who hasn't signed."

MEMBERS VOTE SUNDAY GOLF AT ONWENTSIA

Two-Thirds Favor Lifting Lid—
Board of Governors
Still to Act.

Onwentsia's most honored tradition—the Sunday ban on golf, which has existed since the club was organized twenty-three years ago—received a smashing blow yesterday from two-thirds of the members, who voted to throw it into the discard and open links to players each day in the week.

The action took place in a meeting at the Chicago club attended by seventy members and to which 300 others sent proxies. North shore dinner tables buzzed over the news last night, which signals the most revolutionary move in the club's history.

Vote Not Final. Despite the vote yesterday, however, the matter is not disposed of. The board of governors will meet early next month to consider yesterday's action, and in turn will take the proposition up with the stockholders, who hold the deciding voice in the matter. Whether they will turn thumbs down and decree that the tradition be upheld could not be learned from them after the meeting yesterday.

Neither would Dr. James G. K. McClure of the McCormick Theological Institute discuss the matter. Recently he launched a vigorous protest against the petitions in circulation among the club members for opening the links on Sunday.

Goös to Governors. "I don't know what the outcome will be," said Stanley Field, "I sent a proxy to the meeting and voted to remove the ban."

The matter goes to the board of governors now," said President Frederick O. Aldrich, "and I don't know what they will do. Their meeting will be held in about two weeks. I preferred to leave the matter to the members of the club. I have never seen to the club."

Golf Ban Retained. The Sunday golf ban was retained in the rules when the club was reorganized in 1910 to give all members a vote in the management. Previous to that time the stockholders, about fifty in number, were in complete charge.

The board of governors, which they should receive a fair return on their investment. Because of their interest in the club grounds and buildings, the board of governors has been in the forefront of the club's efforts to improve the links can be made only with their consent.

OFFER AMBITIOUS SUBWAY-HARBOR SCHEME TO CITY

The Chicago Subway, Arcade, and Traction company yesterday submitted to the city council a revised and revamped edition of their ambitious proposal to spend \$130,000,000 in subway construction and harbor development.

A similar proposition was made to the local transportation committee three years ago and rejected. It was first advocated in the World's Fair time by the father of S. D. Gookins, the present secretary of the company.

The latest scheme was presented in the form of three ordinances, the first providing for a thirty year subway grant; the second for a twenty year franchise for the construction of two deep water outer harbors, and the third for a fifteen year franchise for the erection of an elaborate warehouse system on the lake front, and the construction of a huge outer boulevard and bridge.

The subway project involving sixty miles of tunnels, is estimated to cost \$80,000,000. The other two projects are figured by the promoters at \$35,000,000.

Mr. Gookins said last night he felt certain the company could raise the necessary funds if the council granted the franchises. The company offers to turn over all the improvements to the city at the end of the franchise periods.

The officers of the company include: President, Dwight H. Perkins, an architect; secretary, S. D. Gookins; directors, William N. Marshall, George L. Lavery, T. A. Callahan, George Lally, Preston Gault, John M. Ewen, and Weaver Chamberlain.

SEEK TO INDICT LAWYERS FOR HIDING ASSETS
Federal grand jury investigation into the activities of a ring of alleged bankruptcy swindlers was continued yesterday with District Attorney Charles F. Clyne in charge. The inquiry is said to be aimed at a number of lawyers and bondsmen who conspired with clients to conceal assets from creditors, the government believes.

According to the district attorney the lawyers and bondsmen got most of the assets as fees from bankrupts, who were told how best to conceal assets. To add the federal officials in their inquiry, J. E. Lindquist, vice president of the Central Trust company, "which was named receiver in most of the cases that have come up in the past few months, and J. J. Harrison, head of a detective agency employed by the bank to investigate the cases, will go before the grand jury.

PROFIT TAKING SALES WEAKEN MARKETS

Prices React in All Pits When
Longs Unload—Lighter
Export Business.

BAROMETER OF WHEAT PRICES FOR CHICAGO

May closed:	High.	Low.	Jan. 1917.	High.	Low.
Friday, Jan. 19.	1.18 1/2	1.17 1/2	1.18 1/2	1.18 1/2	1.17 1/2
Thursday, Jan. 18.	1.18 1/2	1.17 1/2	1.18 1/2	1.18 1/2	1.17 1/2
Wednesday, Jan. 17.	1.18 1/2	1.17 1/2	1.18 1/2	1.18 1/2	1.17 1/2
Tuesday, Jan. 16.	1.18 1/2	1.17 1/2	1.18 1/2	1.18 1/2	1.17 1/2
Monday, Jan. 15.	1.18 1/2	1.17 1/2	1.18 1/2	1.18 1/2	1.17 1/2
Sunday, Jan. 14.	1.18 1/2	1.17 1/2	1.18 1/2	1.18 1/2	1.17 1/2
Saturday, Jan. 13.	1.18 1/2	1.17 1/2	1.18 1/2	1.18 1/2	1.17 1/2
Friday, Jan. 12.	1.18 1/2	1.17 1/2	1.18 1/2	1.18 1/2	1.17 1/2
Thursday, Jan. 11.	1.18 1/2	1.17 1/2	1.18 1/2	1.18 1/2	1.17 1/2
Wednesday, Jan. 10.	1.18 1/2	1.17 1/2	1.18 1/2	1.18 1/2	1.17 1/2
Tuesday, Jan. 9.	1.18 1/2	1.17 1/2	1.18 1/2	1.18 1/2	1.17 1/2
Monday, Jan. 8.	1.18 1/2	1.17 1/2	1.18 1/2	1.18 1/2	1.17 1/2
Sunday, Jan. 7.	1.18 1/2	1.17 1/2	1.18 1/2	1.18 1/2	1.17 1/2
Saturday, Jan. 6.	1.18 1/2	1.17 1/2	1.18 1/2	1.18 1/2	1.17 1/2
Friday, Jan. 5.	1.18 1/2	1.17 1/2	1.18 1/2	1.18 1/2	1.17 1/2
Thursday, Jan. 4.	1.18 1/2	1.17 1/2	1.18 1/2	1.18 1/2	1.17 1/2
Wednesday, Jan. 3.	1.18 1/2	1.17 1/2	1.18 1/2	1.18 1/2	1.17 1/2
Tuesday, Jan. 2.	1.18 1/2	1.17 1/2	1.18 1/2	1.18 1/2	1.17 1/2
Monday, Jan. 1.	1.18 1/2	1.17 1/2	1.18 1/2	1.18 1/2	1.17 1/2

Wheat fell the weight of profit taking sales yesterday and prices declined. Lowest values of the day were reached shortly before the close and resting spots represented losses of 1/4 to 1/2 c. May being relatively weaker than new crop months. The trade credited one of the leading local professional traders with unloading and there was a general disposition on the part of longs to realize. There was no evidence of the seaboard demand that was so apparent on the part of the western and the buying yesterday was not of the class to encourage bulls.

The export demand was reported quiet and the business claimed was smaller than yesterday. The trade credited one of the leading local professional traders with unloading and there was a general disposition on the part of longs to realize. There was no evidence of the seaboard demand that was so apparent on the part of the western and the buying yesterday was not of the class to encourage bulls.

Minneapolis Break Factor. The relative weakness at Minneapolis forced the trade to realize and there was a general disposition on the part of longs to realize. There was no evidence of the seaboard demand that was so apparent on the part of the western and the buying yesterday was not of the class to encourage bulls.

Corn Under Pressure. Corn was also under pressure and finished 1/4 c. lower. Best selling was by houses that have recently led in the buying, while there was also scattered realizing. The market displayed a little firmness at the start, but soon reacted and ruled lower throughout the session. Some increase in country offerings was reported, while apparently the export demand was not as keen as recently. Omaha reported 100,000 bu. sold for export. Local shipping sales were 50,000 bu. Clearances for the day were 100,000 bu. for export. Clearances from the seaboard were 40,000 bu. for export. Local shipments were 100,000 bu. for export. Clearances from the seaboard were 40,000 bu. for export. Local shipments were 100,000 bu. for export.

Oats Market Weaker. Oats were weak in sympathy with other grains, closing at net losses of 1/4 c. There was good commission house buying at the outset, but later selling by longs who had profits became free and there was also some realization from cash concerns. Local shipping sales were 20,000 bu. and included 10,000 bu. for export. Clearances from the seaboard were 10,000 bu. for export. Local shipments were 20,000 bu. for export. Clearances from the seaboard were 10,000 bu. for export. Local shipments were 20,000 bu. for export.

Rye Quiet and Steady. Rye was quiet. No. 2 was sold at \$1.01 1/2 nominal and No. 3 sold at \$1.00. Barley ruled from \$1.00 to \$1.01. Malt was sold at \$1.00 to \$1.01. Oats were sold at \$1.00 to \$1.01. Corn was sold at \$1.00 to \$1.01. Wheat was sold at \$1.00 to \$1.01. Flour was sold at \$1.00 to \$1.01. Sugar was sold at \$1.00 to \$1.01. Coffee was sold at \$1.00 to \$1.01. Tea was sold at \$1.00 to \$1.01. Spices were sold at \$1.00 to \$1.01. Fruits were sold at \$1.00 to \$1.01. Vegetables were sold at \$1.00 to \$1.01. Livestock were sold at \$1.00 to \$1.01. Poultry were sold at \$1.00 to \$1.01. Eggs were sold at \$1.00 to \$1.01. Butter was sold at \$1.00 to \$1.01. Cheese was sold at \$1.00 to \$1.01. Canned goods were sold at \$1.00 to \$1.01. Miscellaneous were sold at \$1.00 to \$1.01.

BOARD OF TRADE TRANSACTIONS

RANGE OF ACTIVE FUTURES.					WEEKLY BIDS AND OFFERS.				
WHEAT.					WHEAT.				
	Open.	High.	Low.	—Closing— Jan. 1917.	May	Bids.	Offers.		
July	1.18 1/2	1.21	1.17 1/2	1.18	1.20 1/4	1.20	1.21	July	1.40
Sept.	1.18 1/2	1.21	1.17 1/2	1.18	1.20 1/4	1.20	1.21	July	1.40
Nov.	1.18 1/2	1.21	1.17 1/2	1.18	1.20 1/4	1.20	1.21	July	1.40
Jan.	1.18 1/2	1.21	1.17 1/2	1.18	1.20 1/4	1.20	1.21	July	1.40
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Nov.	1.18 1/2	1.21	1.17 1/2	1.18					

MELBAHLE CREW MAN
Installation Club
Personality reliable
Deserted at R. E. H.
CROFT MELLING JR.
Time past. EVANS JR.
Crew Chief.

OKPERKED- YOUNG WOMAN SPEAK-
 ing Jewish. 1154 W. 12th-st.
 SHIRER-APPLY REDFORD SHIRT CO.
 13 E. Jackson-Bldg.
 SHIRER-LADY STUDENT, 12 to 1:30;
 on Sunday. 1818 Michigan-av. Robinson.
 STENOGRAPHER-LADY. EX-
 perience in Spanish and English; also
 good pen. Craver Bldg. Co. 3
 Bldg.
 STENOGRAPHER-MAIL OR-
 der; permanent position. W.
 Beem 611.

per Box Co. 1822 W. Division.
GIRLS-ENTRELLIGENT. TO **EXAMINE**
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